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No Increase In Railway Fares

Benthall's Announcement In Assembly: Combined Vote On Cut Motion Tells

NEW DELHI, April 4.

After question hour in the Central Assembly to-day Sir Edward Benthall, War Transport Member, announced that in view of the assurance given in the House earlier Government had decided not to proceed with the increase of passenger fares.

It may be recalled that the combined Congress, Muslim League and Nationalist Parties carried a cut-motion disapproving of the increase of 25 per cent in railway fare.—United Press.

ADJOURNMENT HELD OVER TILL TODAY

NEW DELHI, April 4.

In the Assembly to-day the President held over till to-morrow, Mr. Mohammad Nauman's adjournment motion to discuss the forcible entry of troops stationed in Chaukia near Jamshedpur (Bihar), committing theft and other atrocities on Indian men and women, forcibly removing them at the point of revolvers and carrying them in army lorries and keeping them in unlawful detention. Some of these people, the motion added, were still under detention in the army camp at Chaukia.

The War Secretary, Mr. Trivedi pointed out that he had no information about this alleged incident. On receiving notice yesterday evening of this adjournment motion, he had sent a telegram to the Eastern Command but he had not received any reply. Assuming that the alleged incidents did take place, he was certain they must already be the subject of civil and military investigation in accordance with Standing Orders. He urged Mr. Nauman to withdraw the motion and promised that he would inform him of the facts as soon as he was in possession of them.

The President directed that the motion be held over till to-morrow and hoped that Mr. Trivedi would be able to get the information by to-morrow.

DEBATE ON U. N. R. R. A.

Urging approval of the U.N.R.R.A. Agreement signed at Washington on November 9, 1943, Sir Azizul Haque, Industries and Civil Supplies Member, explained in the Assembly today the conditions of the agreement and the extent of the obligations it entailed. The decision to participate in the agreement he made it clear, rested entirely with the legislative bodies of the different countries. Therefore if the Assembly wished India to participate in the agreement, the House at a later stage would have to determine India's contribution, but if the Assembly did not approve his motion, India would withdraw from the organisation.

INDIANS IN JAP TERRITORIES.

Even though Sir Azizul went on, we within India had not had to go through the ordeal of direct suffering like those in occupied countries. Indians in the Far Eastern countries were victims of such sufferings. The number of Indian refugees who came to India from territories now under enemy occupation was estimated at about five lakhs, and the total Indian population in the Far East now under Japanese occupation was estimated at about thirteen or fourteen lakhs.

Sir Azizul Huq referred to the recommendation of the United States Congress and House of Representatives to revise the terms of its agreement to bring the distress in India's main land within the scope of relief by U.N.R.R.A. This recommendation would now go to U.N.R.R.A. for final decision.

Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari moving his amendment said the House had been placed in a dilemma by being asked to consider a decision which had already been made. He asked the Commerce Member what would ultimately be the appropriate authority to vote funds on behalf of India. If it was the legislature, he would urge Government to go a step further and see that Indian representatives were nominated by the Legislature.

Mr. Ghulam Bhik Nairang after moving his amendment stated that considerations which entitled countries occupied by the enemy to any benefits applied with equal force to many parts of India. These had suffered terribly and should also be entitled to the benefits of U.N.R.R.A. the Commerce Member, he thought, should have no objection to accepting his amendment in as much as the U. S. Government had already accepted a similar amendment and would shortly recommend it to the U.N.R.R.A.

Sir Frederick James (European group) supported the resolution.

Mr. N. M. Joshi urged that persons who would attend the U.N.R.R.A. conferences should be those in whom the legislature had confidence. India, he said, should take an important part in the work of the U.N.R.R.A. organisation and he wanted Government to see that Indians got proper opportunities to work in the Secretariat and Field Services of the U.N.R.R.A.

Mr. Neogy expressed the hope that the scope of the U.N.R.R.A. in regard to its working would not be so extended as to affect our future international relationships with other parts of the world in regard to commerce.

Mr. Husseinbhoy Laljee said that India's representative at U.N.R.R.A. should not have any subordinate status owing to her constitutional position even though he realised that it was the British Government who were the ultimate authorities.

Mr. Muhammad Nauman said that he supported the principle underlying the resolution and his party's amendment was only a recommendation as the matter was still pending before the House of Representatives.

Dr. Sir Ziauddin Ahmed said Government should not enter into any commitments, financial or otherwise on behalf of India without the vote of the House.

Mr. Ramratan Gupta supported the resolution but said India should have representaton not only on the Far Eastern Council but on other Councils such the Supply Council.

Mr Azhar Ali did not want that the country should meet her commitments later on. He urged Government to accept the amendment proposed by Mr. Nairang.

Mr G. V. Deshmukh thought that India would be well advised to participate in this laudable plan. He commended the two amendments and said they would ensure that India's case was represented adequately.

Discussion on the resolution had not concluded when the House adjourned.

Earlier the House passed the protective duties continuation act, and the Labour Member's Bill to amend the Factories Act.—A. P.

Question Hour

NEW DELHI, April 4.

During question time in the Assembly Mr Lalchand Navairai asked the Labour Member whether it was a fact that his department made a monthly contribution of Rs. 13,000 to the Indian Labour Federation through Mr. M. N. Roy and if so for what purpose. The Labour Member, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar said a monthly grant of Rs. 13,000 was made to the Indian Federation of Labour for doing propaganda to keep up the morale of Industrial Labour. Accounts had been rendered to Government for these sums of money and they were subject to the same scrutiny as all public accounts.—A. P.

Replying to Mr. K. S. Gupta the Commerce Member, Sir Azizul Huque said that now Bengal was not suffering from serious shortage of cloth. The Government of India had placed no ban on the All-India Spinners' Association. Any action taken in the provinces against the organisation or its branches was a matter for the Provincial Governments concerned.

The Commerce Member said that the handloom industry was far from moribund. The Government had taken several measures to foster its growth and an annual grant of Rs. 5,00,000 was made to the Provinces for the development of the handloom industry.—United Press.

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Soviet Call To Rumanian People

Gen. Chiang Kai-Shek, President of China, and Brig.-Gen. Thomas S. Arms (left), U. S. Director of Kwangsi Province Infantry Training Centre, stand in a cave at the Training Centre and look at a modern weapon used by Chinese troops learning U. S. methods of warfare.

BLACK MARKET IN GOLD

CAPETOWN, April 4: General Smuts last night expressed the South African Government's determination to fight "black market" in gold, when he replied to the Gold debate in the House of Assembly. Smuts said, that the British Government was very much concerned about the position of the "black market in gold."—Reuter.

COMMONS ON WAR PATH?

WESTMINSTER, April 4: There was an echo of last week's dispute between Government and the Commons today when Mr Churchill was asked if Government would institute an inquiry in the whole question of "rate for the job" (equal pay for a job irrespective of sex) in all public services, and if he would arrange for Parliament to discuss it.

Mr. Churchill said that he understood that 161 of the members of Parliament intended to raise this question. This would certainly seem to indicate a wish on the part of the House that the matter should be discussed. Then, amid laughter, he added: "I gather that that wish is strongly shared by others who have taken a more prominent part in the matter"—a reference to those who defeated Government on the amendment to the Education Bill last week.

Mr. Churchill said he hoped the Leader of the House Mr. Eden would be successful in his efforts to find time during the present session.

Mr. Emmanuel Shinwell (Labour) asked ironically: If such discussion takes place, can we be assured that it will not be on a motion of confidence, and will you indicate to members before the debate whether Government would resent any particular course of action during voting.

Mr Churchill answered: Even a National Government, supported officially by all the three parties, has the same rights as an ordinary Party Government in securing and maintaining control over its own legislation (cheers).—Reuter.

EDEN TO QUIT FOREIGN OFFICE

(From Our Correspondent.)
LONDON, April 4.

The "Yorkshire Post" whose owner is Mr. Eden's father-in-law hints that Mr. Eden may be leaving the Foreign Office but hopes his work in the cause of international co-operation will be faithfully carried out.

"The Daily Telegraph" and "News Chronicle" name Lord Cranborne as Mr. Eden's successor.

Japs Still At It

WELLINGTON: In spite of "unbelievable massacre" the Japanese are still showing no indication of stopping their suicidal attacks at Empress Augusta Day, Bougainville Island, the Solomons, reported an official New Zealand war correspondent today.

The Japanese are being mown down in countless scores he added. Their losses in killed are estimated at 5,000. Very fierce fighting is taking place in a number of small pockets.

SPOKESMAN SAYS JAP DEFEAT IS COMPLETE

An Advanced Allied Headquarter's spokesman said that the defeat of Japanese on Bougainville "is complete".

PUNJAB GOVT.'S ORDER ON PRESS SET ASIDE

LAHORE, April 4.

A Full Bench of the Lahore High Court consisting of Mr. Justice Sale, Mr Justice Mehr Chand Mahajan and Mr. Justice Marten have set aside the order of the Punjab Government forfeiting a security of Rs 500 of the Asha Art Press.

The order of forfeiture of security was made for the publication of the 'Independence Day" Pledge leaflet in the Press on behalf of the D. A. V. College Students' Union.—A. P.

"ABANDON GERMANS AND CAPITULATE IMMEDIATELY"

MOSCOW, April 4: In the name of the Soviet Government the Moscow radio last night called on the Rumanian people to abandon the Germans and capitulate immediately.

The broadcast stated: "Unless you do so, the whole of your country will become a battlefield and your towns and villages a heap of ruins.

CHURCHILL EXPRESSES ADMIRATION

WESTMINSTER.—Mr Churchill in the Commons today described as "a particularly satisfactory example" of Allied co-operation the statement by the Soviet Commissar for Foreign Affairs M. Viacheslav Molotov on the subject of Rumania and Hungary.

When Mr. Edgar Granville (Independent) asked if the Prime Minister was satisfied that the machinery for consultation was working satisfactorily, Mr. Churchill said that he had nothing to add to the replies given by Mr. Eden, Foreign Secretary, on March 21 and 29.

Referring to the Moscow declaration, however, Mr. Churchill added: "This particular episode of the declaration by M. Molotov forms a particularly satisfactory example. The Soviet Government were good enough to send us the text beforehand. We expressed our admiration for it. It has been made public and is I am sure likely to be a great help to the common war effort."

Koniev's Offensive

From Reuter's staff correspondent:

Marshal Koniev's armoured spearheads are today at one point more than 15 miles into Rumanian territory with red-roofed Pruth villages well in the rear. More men and supplies are streaming across the Pruth on a 60-mile front between Dorohoi in the north, to the northeast of Jassy in the south. Soviet tanks have crossed the river Pruth in considerable numbers and the offensive in Rumania is today being stepped up considerably. Marshal Koniev's men have captured a good road leading to Jassy, formerly Von Manstein's headquarters and the town is under attack from the left bank of the Pruth as well.

The Germans are making fierce counter-attacks with support from a strong bomber force in an effort to stem this advance.

Between Pruth and the Dniester more of Marshal Koniev's forces now within 25 miles of Moldavian capital of Kishinev are steadily clearing new stretches of Pruth and getting into readiness for fresh crossings into Rumania. Less than 20 miles from Odessa the first clashes are now taking place in an arc of fortifications guarding coastal approaches to the city.

15 GERMAN DIVISIONS BEING LIQUIDATED

Monday's Soviet communique says, "During April 3 west and south-west of Dubno our troops fought offensive engagements during which they captured the towns of Gorokhov and Berestechko district centres of Volynia region and Lopatin district centre of Lvov region as well as over 80 other inhabited localities.

Fifty-seven towns were captured by troops of the first Ukrainian front during the period from March 4th to 31st says a special announcement issued to-night immediately after the routine 'communique'.

Fifteen German divisions which were surrounded are now being liquidated.

50 LOCALITIES CAPTURED IN RUMANIA

Several days ago troops of the Second Ukrainian Front forced the River Pruth at several points and captured over 50 inhabited localities in Rumanian territory. Soviet troops have cut the railway line Jassy—Dorohoi.

In Kishinev direction our troops continued offensive operations capturing several inhabited localities. In Odessa direction our troops continued to develop their offensive capturing three district centres of the Odessa region as well as over 100 other inhabited localities.

Gorokhov 44 miles north-west of Dubno and 56 miles north-east of Lvov is the most westerly point yet reached by Marshal Zhukov's front and the nearest point reached to the 1941 Polish border Derestechko is 19 miles north of Brody and 60 miles north-east of Lvov Locatin is 45 miles north-east of Lvov.

GERMANS TRAPPED IN SKALA AREA

Russian forces of the first Ukrainian Front are engaged in fighting for the liquidation of a German group encircled in the area of Skala, said to-night's supplement to the Soviet communique. "The enemy is launching desperate attempts to break out of the cauldron but is finding impenetrable barriers everywhere", it stated.

POLISH SOCIALIST OPPOSITION

(From Our Correspondent)
LONDON, April 4.

Polish moderates welcome M. Molotov's Rumanian statement but strangely enough it is Polish Socialists who are opposing Russo-Polish understanding whose attitude the "New Statesman" describes as exaggerated nationalism.

As long as Polish Socialists are active, there is little hope of Russo-Polish settlement and there is little hope of Polish Socialists leaving Government.

Soviet circles in London refuse to comment beyond saying that Polish soldiers on the Eastern Front and underground men in Poland are co-operating with the Soviet which speaks for itself.

DE GAULLE BECOMES FRENCH C.-IN-C.

Decision Of National Liberation Committee

ALGIERS, April 4: Gen. De Gaulle becomes the titular chief of the French Armed Forces in the name of the Liberation Committee.

The decision that General De Gaulle should become the head of the armed forces was taken today at a special meeting of the Liberation Committee attended by the two new Communist members. It will be for Gen. De Gaulle to decide in the last resort on the composition, organisation and employment of the armed forces.

DUKE OF ALBA HELD UP?

LISBON, April 4: The Spanish Ambassador to Britain, the Duke of Alba, who arrived here on Saturday with the declared intention of hurrying on to London is still here today.—Reuter.

Spanish Monarchy Prospects

(From Our Correspondent)
LONDON, April 4.

There are persistent rumours here that Spain is resuming monarchy and that the Duke of Alba is reported to be arriving in London bearing an important announcement in this connection as also other constitutional changes.

STOP PRESS

TAKE ASYLUM IN TURKISH LEGATION

LONDON, April 4: The Ankara radio to-night quoted the Budapest correspondent of the Anatolian News Agency as saying that the former Hungarian Prime Minister, Nicolas De Kallay and Count Andrassy are guests of the Turkish Minister in Budapest and are now residing at the Turkish Legation there.—Reuter.

LATEST ABOUT FINLAND

MOSCOW, April 4: Well-informed diplomatic circles here expect new and important developments very shortly concerning Finland. They appear to regard the outlook as hopeful.—Reuter.

RAID ALERT IN WEST SWITZERLAND

ZURICH, April 4: An air raid alert was sounded in Western Switzerland shortly before 6 p.m. to-day.—Reuter.

TARNOPOL IN SOVIET HANDS

MOSCOW, April 4: To-night's Soviet "communique" says that the major part of Tarnopol is in Soviet hands.—Reuter.

TITO WANTS SEAT ON U. N. R. R. A.

Says 50,195 Square Miles And Five Million Yugoslavs Have Been Freed

LONDON, April 4: The Free Yugoslav radio stated to-day that the leader of the Yugoslav Army of Liberation Marshal Tito has asked the Council of United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration—the U. N. R. R. A.—for a seat on the Council.

The request forwarded by the National Committee of Liberation in Yugoslavia states that 50,195 square miles of Yugoslav territory have been freed in which there is a population of about five million people.—Reuter.

LAVAL THREATENS REPRISALS

LONDON, April 4: The German overseas radio said that M. Pierre Laval to-day declared: "The Algiers authorities will receive a list of persons who will be shot in France as a reprisal for the death sentences passed against members of the 'African Phalanx'.—Reuter.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (MAY)

New York April 4.

Previous Closing	20.53
To-day's Opening	20.83
Difference	nil
To-day Closing	20.87
Difference	+04

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 4.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:

General Motors 857-5/8.
Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted.
United States Steel Common 851-3/8.
U. S. Steel Pref. unquoted.—Reuter.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, April 4.

The market ruled steady at the decline and business was put through only on a moderate scale. Government Securities continued easier.—A. P.

No Active Signs Of Battle For Imphal

JAPANESE FORCE INFILTRATING WESTWARD WITH APPARENT OBJECT OF STRIKING AT MANIPUR ROAD RAILHEAD

NEW DELHI, April 4.

The Manipur-Imphal road remains cut about 30 miles North of Imphal. After blowing up a small bridge there, the Japanese retired to the hills where they could cover the road by fire.

Sappers are repairing the bridge under fire.

It is believed that the Japanese force east of the Manipur road is composed of the troops who advanced westwards from the Ukhrul area using tracks in the Naga Hills and other troops who were driven from the Imphal plain recently. This enemy force is still infiltrating westwards with the apparent object of turning north and striking at the Manipur road railhead. As he advances, his lines of communication become more and more difficult. Unless he can capture the vital Tamu-Palel-Imphal road before the approaching monsoon, he will be in a very awkward position, as no large force...even a Japanese force...can be maintained in the Naga Hills. But at the moment, there are no signs of his attempting to launch his promised attack on Imphal, and every effort he has made to close the Tamu-Palel road has been defeated.

Meanwhile, stories of fierce hand-to-hand combats come daily. One trick the Japanese are playing is to set fire to the dry jungle in squares to try and trap the Allied troops inside by covering every possible exit by machine guns.

The latest official figures of Japanese casualties on the Assam-Burma front during the present operations indicate that at least 2,600 of the enemy have been killed in clashes with our troops. Many more have been killed by air action and by constant skirmishes east and north-east of Imphal and on the Ukhrul front.—A. P.

JAPS HEADING TOWARDS DIMAPUR

IMPHAL FRONT, April 2.

There are now sufficient grounds for the surmise that the Japanese may be heading towards Dimapur railhead besides preparing for an attack on Imphal plain from the north, says: D. R. Mankekar, Associated Press of India war correspondent.

The weight of Jap troops now seem to be concentrated north and north-east of Imphal spreading northwards as far up as the vicinity of Kohima, which is only 46 miles from Dimapur. While enemy activity in the last two or three days has considerably decreased south-east and south of Imphal, Jap forces seem to be swinging round Imphal to the north, scattering themselves in the Naga Hills east of the Manipur Road and menacing the road have reached the Manipur Road in two places.

Part of their forces in the north now seem to have turned their backs on Manipur and are pushing northwards towards Dimapur. The objective of this diversion northwards seems to be to get at the railtrack at Dimapur and disrupt our lines of communications going further north.

It is safe to assume, however, that any enemy threat to Dimapur so far away from his base will be only in the nature of a large-scale raid As he advances further into India his lengthening lines of communications will make it increasing difficult for him to obtain reinforcements, if not supplies.

On all accounts the present Jap offensive on the Assam-Burma front seems to be no more than an expedition of the type that General Wingate led into Burma last year with its main objective the disruption of enemy communications. But whereas General Wingate was supplied by air, the Japanese are supplying themselves from the rich land of the villages they are traversing. Their original plans which started with their movement round the Tiddim area three weeks ago have since then gone awry. The enemy has failed in their immediate objective of "bottling up and annihilating" our forces in the Tiddim area—far from it we have retained considerable freedom of movement on that road and have successfully demolished roadblock after roadblock laid across by the enemy and inflicted very heavy casualties as can be gathered from the accounts of battles in that area received here. The actual figures of enemy casualties here can be computed only when the situation has finally resolved itself.

Now with then monsoon just round the corner and the forces that the enemy originally put in on this offensive very considerably reduced—with reinforcements it is believed not very easily within his reach as they may have to come from Thailand—his ambitions cannot but be limited to a raiding expendition on the Wingate model foraging as far into our territory as possible, trying to disrupt our communications.

We had a crack on Jap forces on the Manipur road yesterday when men of a Punjab regiment clashed with the enemy at the northern road block 22 miles south of Kohima and inflicted 50 casualties on him.—A.P.

JAPS WILL BE PUSHED BACK, SAYS C.-IN-C.

MADRAS, April 4. Confidence that the Allied troops in Burma would succeed in pushing back the Japs was expressed by H. E. the Commander-in-Chief in India, General Sir Claude Auchinleck, in an address to officers at Waltair yesterday. Reviewing the fighting on that front Gen. Auchinleck stressed that, although the Japs had made a resolute advance, it was only now that they were encountering our troops. 'These troops', the C-in-C said, "are well trained. Their reinforcements are also well trained. And their equipment is good."

Allied War Communique

NEW DELHI, April 4.

Throughout the Arakan, our pressure on the enemy was maintained during 2nd April says an Allied war communique issued from Headquarters, South East Asia Command.

Our patrols and artillery were active in the coastal area south of Maungdaw. North of Buthidaung, our troops captured Kyaukyit. West African troops cleared Kaladan and two other villages in the Kaladan valley inflicting casualties on the enemy in hand to hand fighting.

There was a lull on the whole of the Chin Hills front. East of Imphal one of our patrols without loss ambushed an enemy party which suffered thirty casualties.

In Central Burma, our forces have carried out successful and extensive road demolitions and are inflicting heavy casualties on the enemy.

Forward elements of the 22nd Chinese division are advancing southward along the Mogaung Valley Road. The fighting extends from the Namsang Hka across the road eastwards.

Indicative of the speed of the Chinese advance is the fact that the enemy is abandoning dead in pill boxes.

Medium bombers of the Strategical Air Force, Eastern Air Command on the night of the 3/4 April attacked Yeu railway station. There were two direct hits on the tracks, and a fire was started followed by a large explosion. Medium bombers on the 3rd April attacking Tangon and Pakkuan bridges damaged the first named.

On the 2/3 April, fighters of the tactical air force attacked enemy positions and rivercraft in the Arakan, Kaladan and Mayu areas, while dive-bombers, fighter-bombers and fighters strafed and bombed enemy headquarters positions, tanks and other targets in the Chin Hills, Chindwin valley and north west Burma. One tank was destroyed, two damaged and six others hit in the Tamu area. There was one very successful dive-bombing attack on Myothit in which there were direct hits on buildings. On 2nd April, long range fighters maintained their attacks on enemy communications in South Burma. Two explosions and fires followed an air commando force attack on ammunition dumps at Indaw. Fighters in an attack on Anisakan airfield set two enemy aircraft on fire and damaged three.

From all these operations, no Allied aircraft is missing. One of the two aircraft reported missing on 2nd April is now known to be safe.—A. P.

WINGATE'S TROOPS MOSTLY BRITISH

WESTMINSTER, April 4: Troops operating in the force commanded by the late Major-General Wingate and Col. Cochran are predominatingly British.

This was made clear in the Commons to-day by the War Minister, Sir James Grigg who had been asked what percentage was British and what American.—Reuter.

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Crusade Against Black Market In Cloth

Textile Commissioner Vested With Additional Powers

At the instance of the Chairman, Mr. Krishnaraj M. D. Thackersey, the Industry's Committee of the Textile Control Board agreed to the suggestion that the Textile Commissioner should forthwith be vested with additional powers to call for information about stocks etc., from mills and wholesalers and also to issue directions to them to sell their goods to specific merchants.

This action was taken in furtherance of a drive that is to be launched at a very early date to deal with mills and dealers, who indulge in trading in the Black Market.

It was mentioned at the meeting that the Textile Commissioner had taken certain steps against four or five mills and frozen the stocks of about forty wholesalers, pending further action

Representatives of the Industry speaking on the proposed Scheme to root out Black Market trading promised their wholehearted support to any action that the Textile Commissioner, with the approval of the Chairman may take, to bring to book the culprits, however highly placed they may be. They also said that the prevalence and continuance of such malpractices would be a reflection on the fair name of the Industry.

Addressing the meeting, Mr. Krishnaraj M. D. Thackersey said that he was determined to see that there was an early end to the present Black Market in cloth.

The effect on the Mill Industry of the reduction in the prices of cloth made by the Control Board, he said, would be that its profits during this year would be reduced by 35 to 40 per cent from the results disclosed by last year's working.

He continued:

"The none too great achievement of the control so far secured is being torpedoed by a small section of Millowners and merchants"

"It is reported", he added, "that the whole scheme of control is imperilled owing to the prevalence on a large scale of various malpractices resulting in black markets. The reason which appears to my mind to be mainly responsible for the present serious situation is the fact the absence of any strict and systematic actions on the part of the Provincial and Indian State governments which will enable goods to reach the retailers and the consumers in the country at the margins prescribed, is having a very undesirable and unhelpful influence on the trade as a whole."

"In a vast country like ours with diverse production and consumption and a disorganised system of marketing, the task of control calls for an unremitting administrative alertness and determination. Except for one or two Provincial governments, no other provincial or State authority appears to have so far taken seriously to enforce the control measures effectively. It is apparent that the situation is becoming increasingly serious and that if suitable remedies are not immediately applied the whole scheme of control will tend to break down at its very source.

I wish to take this opportunity to remind my Millowner friends that the fact that Government allowed the industry to base control on its calculation places particular special moral responsibilities on them to prevent imparting the initial momentum to a raising spiral of deviation from the control price from themselves to the final consumer.

"Steps have already been taken by the Textile Commissioner to apply punitive measures on those who have not been playing the game."

Mr. Krishnaraj Thackersey continuing said:—

"At the last meeting, I gave you an indication of certain proposals which had been formulated by your Export Committee for the fixation of price levels for goods intended for export and supplies of goods upto specified standards, so that the fair name of the Indian cotton textile industry may not be endangered in the countries to which cloth and yarn are at present exported. I am glad to be able to inform you to-day that at yesterday's meeting of your export committee which was attended by both the Hon'ble Mr. Hydari and Mr. Pillai, the broad outlines of the scheme for export control based on the tentative decisions arrived at at the last meeting have been drawn up, which, after wetting up, would, it is hoped, be put into effect as quickly as possible, and as soon as Government's approval has been obtained.

The Chairman said that one of the main causes of black marketing was the lack of free, unrestricted and expeditious movement of cloth from the manufacturing centres to the consuming districts. In order that the control scheme might work smoothly and in the interests of the country, he requested the Central Government to take immediately the question of ensuring equitable distribution of the available supplies of cloth and yarn to every part of India. He also urged that the present inequalities between sea and rail transport charges should be equalised by the Central Government bearing the extra-transport charges involved in the carriage of cloth and yarn. Pending consideration and decision on these proposals, Government should take immediate steps to relieve congestion in the large producing centres like Bombay and Ahmedabad.

Dealing with another loophole in the control machinery, Mr. Thackersey said:—

"The exclusion of hand printed goods from price control is, it is reported, leading to abuse on an extensive scale. It is pointed out that cloth that would normally be made available to the consumer in the grey state is being sent to hand printers by merchants who, in addition to the printers' charge, are extracting a further premium in their selling prices for finished clothes. This malpractice is to be deplored, and if this continues in the future, it will become necessary to take severe measures. The fixation of prices for hand printed goods presents considerable difficulties, because of the diversity of designs etc., of the hand printers. Moreover, such prices cannot in all cases be worked out with any scientific accuracy.

Textile Control Board Discussions

The Textile Control Board, at its meeting held on April 4 approved of the recommendation of its Distribution Commitee, to the Government that Sales Tax, Octroi Duties and such other local cess should be excluded from the margin of profits. The reason for the suggested alteration in prices of cloth are that the imposition of these duties considerably reduced the margin of profit, and that in the manufacturing centres, the position is even worse, in view of the limitation of the profit to 4 p.c.

The Board also approved of the recommendation of its Industry's Committee that an extra margin over the standard retail price should be allowed to the deealers who have their place of business in hilly and remote tracts, to cover additional transport charges.

The Board discussed other subjects like coal shortage, Standard Cloth, setting up of a Handloom board; compensations to workers in case of stoppage of work in Mills due to coal shortage and made its recommeendations to Government.

Mr. M. S. A. Hydari, Secretary, Deparment of Industries and Civil Supplels, left Bombay, on Tuesday night.

INDIA GOVT. TO IMPORT NEWSPRINT

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, April 3.

The Supply Member Sir Ramaswamy Mudaliar, I understand is arranging import of newsprint on Government of India account to supplement the newsprint imported by newspapers. The supplies so imported will be primarily used to assist newspapers which are unable to import newsprint directly and have to depend upon Indian stocks and sometimes on the black market to meet their demand.

Indian Delegation To World T. U. Conference

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, April 3.

Indian labour delegation to world Trade Union Conference beginning in London from June 5 will be Messrs. Joshi, Kurrapa and Dange.

As at present planned the Delegation sails from India in time to reach London for the Conference. In case timely shipping is not available the Delegation is likely to fly to London.

HOWARD SPRING JOINS "SUNDAY GRAPHIC"

LONDON, (By Mail): Mr. Howard Spring, the famous author and critic has joined the "Sunday Graphic" and he will edit the book page of the magazine.—India Press Service.

LARKANA: A mysterious theft of six guns, two muskets, cartridges and a few woollen coats was committed on Monday morning from the ammunition shop of Messrs. Nanikram Chotharam Binder Road. A window at the back of the shop was broken.—A. P.

. . . another fighter roars into attack . . . back at headquarters, every phase of the battle is being plotted and directed . . . until the enemy is finally driven off. You are needed to help in this and other vital work . . . work that will free yet another man. We need you in your thousands—the work is varied and interesting . . . pay ranges from Rs. 65 to Rs. 300 per month according to qualifications and rank.

Here is an opportunity to do a real job . . . a job that will put men where they are most needed. You are wanted in your thousands—for final victory.

W·A·C INDIA

India needs . . . Women for Victory

apply to your nearest recruiting office NOW

AHMEDABAD—Panch Kuva
BOMBAY—Esplanade Maidan (North), Dhobi Talao
NAGPUR—Assembly Rest House
POONA—Staunton Road

OR TO YOUR NEAREST PLATOON COMMANDER W. A. C. (I).

For Youthful Vigour & Vitality
ZOOLOO
An African Antidote

The course of treatment consists of at least three bottles but for many men a bottle or two would suffice. The price of a bottle of "ZOOLOO" is Rs 20/- (Packing and Postage extra). OUR FREE BOOKLETS:—On application we shall send you free of charge our booklets, "The Secret of Youth" and the "Magic of Simba" or "How to Remain Young for Life." (on your sending three & half annas stamps for postage).

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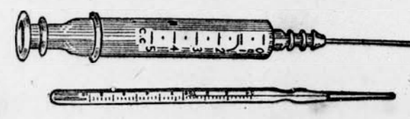
COURT HOUSE, DHOBI TALAO, OPP. ST. XAVIER'S SCHOOL, BOMBAY 2.
MANUFACTURERS:- THE AFRICA CORPORATION, (ZULULAND)

NUTROL The best nonalkaline and well reputed Laboratory Glass manufactured by us.



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Wholesale list of goods is sent on request.

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44, Kailash Bose Street CALCUTTA.
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FAST ORANGE GC BASE

Manufactured from

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FAST BLACK SALT KO

Requests for Samples and pattern Shades from the trade are cordially invited.

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FINALS OF
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Commencing from FRIDAY, 7th April, 1944.
Rates of Admission—including tax.

	Daily Tickets.
North Stands	0|10|-
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Give YOUR SKIN THE CARE IT NEEDS

This perfect health Soap used and approved by millions all over India and outside keeps your skin clean and velvety and prevents chafing. Refreshing and cooling in this prickly heat.

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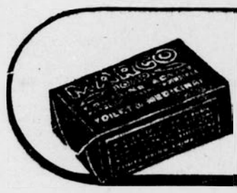

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THE GENUINE NEEM OIL SOAP
CALCUTTA CHEMICAL

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
(Established—December, 1911).

Authorised Capital	-	-	-	Rs. 3,50,00,000
Subscribed Capital	-	-	-	Rs. 3,36,26,400
Paid-Up Capital	-	-	-	Rs. 1,68,13,200
Reserve and Other Funds	-	-	-	Rs. 1,68,22,000
Deposits as at 31-12-43	-	-	-	Rs. 81,63,71,000

HEAD OFFICE—Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
230 Branches and Pay-Offices throughout India.

DIRECTORS

Sir Homi Mody, K.B.E., Chairman, Ardeshir B. Dubash, Esquire, Haridas Madhavdas, Esquire, Dinshaw D. Romer, Esquire, Vithaldas Kanji, Esquire, Noormahomed M. Chinoy, Esquire, Bapooji Dadabhoy Lam Esquire Dharamsey Mulraj Khatau, Esquire, Sir Ardeshir Dalal, Kt., H. F. Commissariat, Esquire.

LONDON AGENTS:—Messrs. Barclay's Bank Limited and Messrs. Midland Bank Limited
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Banking Business of every description transacted on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. C. CAPTAIN,
Managing Director.

DO YOU WANT Shares of some 1ST CLASS concerns of longstanding,—paying good dividends, but not quoted in the Stock Exchange?

NAME OF CONCERNS	PAID-UP VALUE PER SHARE			LAST DIVIDEND:
	Ordinary	Preference	Deferred	
Hindusthan Co-operative Insurance.	25 0 0	x	x	x
National Nutriments.	20 0 0	10 0 0 (7½% Cumulative. Tax Free).	1 0 0	20%, 7½% & 100% on Ordinary, Preference & Deferred respectively.
Bangasree, Cotton Mills.	10 0 0	10 0 0 (8% Cumulative)	x	16% & 8% on Ordinary and Preference respectively.
Mica Mining & Trading Co., of India.	25 0 0	100 0 0 (7% Cumulative)	2 8 0	10% & 7% for 1942 and 10% & 7% for 1943 on Ordy. & Pref.
Dooars Union Tea.	50 0 0	x	x	86% for 1941.
Lebong & Mineral Spring Tea Co.	10 0 0	100 0 0 (6% Cumulative)	x	New Issue; good dividend expected on the workings upto 31st December, 1943.
Land Trust of India.	10 0 0	x	x	6% for 1941 and 6% for 1942.
Aryan Silk & Cotton Mills.	50 0 0	x	1 0 0	New Issue: shares still available.
Atiabari Tea.	50 0 0	x	x	310% for 1941.
Hindusthan Laboratories.	25 0 0	x	x	6% for 1941 and 6% for 1942.
Central Tipperah Tea Co.	10 0 0	x	x	5% for 1940, 10% for 1941 and 10% for 1942.
Bengal Belting.	10 0 0	x	x	20% for 1942.
Khayarbari Tea.	50 0 0	x	x	100% for 1941.
Bengal Electric Lamp Works.	10 0 0	x	x	9 per cent.
Mohini Mills.	10 0 0	x	x	25 per cent.
Lohar Valley Tea Co.	25 0 0	x	x	6% for 1941 & 1942 respectively.

"SHARE DEALERS' HOUSE" (Our Own Building).

BENGAL SHARE DEALERS' SYNDICATE, LTD.
"SHARE DEALERS' HOUSE",
12, Chowringhee Square, CALCUTTA.
For details please read our "MONTHLY SHARE MARKET REPORT";
Specimen copy free on request.
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15th WEEK

BHAKTARAJ

Director: JAYANT DESAI

LAMINGTON

Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p. m.

Daily: 4-30, 7-15, 10-15 P.M.
Fri., Sat., Sunday Matinee 1-45 P.M

TAJ GRANT RD., CORNER
FOURTH 4 WEEK of GROWING Popularity!

"KURBANI"

"MURLI" Picture Directed by RAM DURYANI

Starring:
DURGA KHOTE, VASANTEE, KAUSHALYA, ISHWARLAL
Music: KHEMCHAND PRAKASH
Plans open 10 a.m. to 12 Noon

6TH WEEK! You will love to see MUMTAZ SHANTI

Singing & Dancing—
In MURARI'S Musical

BADALTI- DUNIYA

Daily: 4, 7, & 10 p.m.
Mat. on Friday at 1 p.m.
AT NEW WEST END

GLOWING WITH FAME!

RAJKAMAL'S &
V. SHANTARAM'S

SHAKUNTALA

JAYASHREE, CHANDRAMOHAN
Plans Open. 10 to 1 & 3 to 7 p.m.
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Fri., Sat., Sun. 1-15 P.M.

SWASTIK (OLD PATHE)

IMPERIAL
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
NAVIN'S

DOST

NURJEHAN AND MOTILAL
Director: SHAUKAT HUSSAIN

REGAL ('Phone 35017)
At 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p. m.

WALTER WANGER'S
TEXAS to TOKYO
("We've Never Been Licked")
with RICHARD QUINE, ANNE GWYNNE, NOAH BEERY, JR., Martha O'DRISCOLL, HARRY DAVENPORT, WILLIAM FRAWLEY, EDGAR BARRIER, BOB MITCHUM and BILL STERN OF RADIO'S THRILLING ARMY HOUR

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From FRIDAY!
Universal's Challenge To Your Imagination
"FLESH & FANTASY"
Charles Boyer-Barbara Stanwyck-Edward G. Robinson-Betty Field

MAJESTIC Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

AS GREAT AS LIFE ITSELF
ANAND BROTHERS' SAGA

ZAMIN

DURGA KHOTE, DAVID, KHURSHEED (Jr.)
3RD CROWDED WEEK
Daily: 4, 7, 10.
Friday 1 p.m.
MINERVA

Sublime and Scintillating

RAJKAMAL'S &
V. SHANTARAM'S

MALI

(HINDUSTANI & MARATHI)

Starring:
MASTER KRISHNARAO, AMIR KARNATKI, BABY NALINI

Plans Open: 10-30 to 12-30.
5 to 6 p.m.
Hindi: 4 & 10 Marathi. 1 & 7 p.m.

Attracting Full Houses at the Renovated
NOVELTY

GOD'S OWN MOTHER!
Her story is enlightening Bombay in
SUNRISE PICTURES'
MAHASATI
ANASUYA

Story: DAVE
Direction: VYAS

Starring:
DURGA KHOTE, SHOBHANA SAMARTH, SHAHU MODAK

DRAWING CROWDS AT
KRISHNA

Daily: 4, 7, 10 Fri. Sat. Sun. 1 p.m.

ZENANA SHOW TOMORROW 1 P.M.
NAVYUG'S TALE OF TODAY
NAYA TARANA
9TH WEEK
Daily: 4. 7 & 10 P.M.
CENTRAL

OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Fri., Sat., Sun. Matinee at 1-30.
RANJIT'S
SHANKAR PARVATI
AJIT Release

For Happier and Healthier Family Life See
FAZLI BROTHERS LTD.'S
FASHION

Produced & Directed by
S. F. HASNAIN

Starring: SARDAR AKHTAR SABITA DEVI, CHANDRAMOHAN.

2ND PACKED WEEK
ROXY
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30.
Friday 1 p.m.

HOW COULD HE BE A SAINT?

—THE YOUTH WHO WAS ACCUSED OF INDULGING IN ALL VICES—WINE, WOMEN & GAMBLING!

SEE IT FOR YOURSELF IN NAVYUG'S

Direction: JUNNARKAR
Story: ROY KINIKAR
Music: DADA CHANDEKAR

PUNDALIK

Starring: KUSUM DESHPANDE, SAROJ BORKAR, SUDHA APTE, SAVKAR, JAVDEKAR, BABY SUMAN & Introducing DEVDAS and SHARDA

Advance Booking: from to-morrow: 10 to 12 & 3 to 6 p.m.

Next Saturday AT CENTRAL

A 'PEERLESS' RELEASE.

CITY AND SUBURBS

TO-DAY

Hindu: Chaitra Shud 12, 2000
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akher 11, 1363
Parsi: Avan 4, 1313
Sunrise: 7-31 a.m. Sunset: 7-52 p.m.
Hightide: 10-15, 22-46, Lowtide: 4-25, 16-06

To-day's Engagements

STANDING COMMITTEE MEETING: In the Corporation Hall to-day at 2 p.m. (Bombay Time).

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Special Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column

INDIAN SPIRITUALIST SOCIETY: There will be a discourse and a seance to-day at 51, Gordhandas Building opp. Portuguese Church, Girgaum, at 6 p.m.

INDIAN EXPORTERS ASSOCIATION: A Quarterly General Meeting of the Indian Exporters' Association will be held to-day at 5 p.m. in Churchgate House, Churchgate Street, when Mr. N. L. Kara will preside.

DASTURJI BODE'S LECTURE: On "Significance of Hormazd Yasht" at Mazdaznan Hall, opp. Churchgate Station, to-day at 6-15 p.m.

CHINESE STUDENTS & THE WAR: Prof. L. Earl Willmott who has been in China for the last 12 years connected with the West China Union University will broadcast a talk on "Chinese Students and the War" from the A. I. R. Bombay at 8-45 p.m. to-day

"EXPERIENCES AGAINST THE JAPANESE": Brigadier Cumming, V. C., A. C. awarded for action in Malaya Campaign) will lecture to the European Association at the Chamber of Commerce, Ballard Estate at 6-15 p.m. to-day (Wednesday) on "Experiences Against the Japanese".

KNOW THE WORLD AFFAIRS GROUP: The "Kwag" is arranging Indian and Polish folk dances and Variety Entertainments in collaboration with the Polish Ministry of Social Welfare and Education, exclusively for school students at 9-30 a.m. (N. S. T.) to-day (Wednesday) at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, near French Bridge.

Later at 6 p.m. on the same day, another performance will be presented by the "Kwag", at the same place, for the invited guests. Mr. M. R. A. Baig will preside over this function.

ALL-INDIA WOMENS' CONFERENCE (DADAR-MATUNGA BRANCH): The Annual Election of All-India Women's Conference, Dadar-Matunga Branch will be held on Wednesday, 12th inst., 1944 at 4 p.m. (S. T.) at Dadar-Bhagini Samaj. Those wishing to stand for election should give their names before 11th April, 1944, to the Hony. Secretary.

JOINT CIVIL DEFENCE COMMITTEE DISSOLVED

The Bombay Government has accepted the recommendation of the Joint Civil Defence Committee of Bombay City that the Committee be dissolved.

A Handsome Donation

On the occasion of the Parents' Day Celebration of the South Indian Welfare Society's Schools on Sunday, a donation of Rs. 5,001 from Mr. V. K. Menon was announced. The amount is towards the building fund of the Society's Schools.

LABOUR WELFARE OFFICER RESIGNS

Mr. A. V. Chitre has resigned his position as Labour Welfare Officer in the H. M. I. Dockyard, Bombay.

The Vice-Admiral in accepting the resignation has recorded his appreciation of all the work Mr. Chitre has done since his appointment and of the lasting result he is sure this work will have on the contentment and welfare of the workers.

National Planning Under Single National Authority

Prof. Hill Lays Down Lines Of Scientific Development In India

NEW DELHI, April 4.

Prof. A. V. Hill, Secretary, Royal Society in a farewell talk to press correspondents to-day indicated the lines which scientific development in India should, in his view, follow. He referred to four different processes, namely, education, research, development or experimental trial, production or large scale application, and said that in some form or other, almost every aspect of national development (agriculture, health, food, industry communications, transport, etc.,) involved these four processes.

"In India" he said, "the situation is further complicated by the existence of a number of different provinces and states. If national development in India is to become a consistent organic whole, all those different processes in all the different subjects and in all the different regions must be planned somehow together. Otherwise, vital things will be neglected. I cannot see how this can be done properly, unless the whole business of planning is put under a single national authority with a proper planning staff.

In reply to an American correspondent, Prof. Hill said he did not think that a lasting and substantial political link between India and the United Kingdom had any special relevance to scientific development or collaboration between the scientific people of both countries. Collaboration in matters of science between England and America or England and Canada did exist, in spite of the absence of any political link of the kind that existed between India and England. But speaking as a citizen and not as a scientist, Prof. Hill would suggest that India would be much better off if she was a member of the Commonwealth, than as an independent unit in a potentially hostile world.—A. P.

HINDUSTAN SCOUT ASSOCIATION

Retiring Provincial Secretary

(From A Correspondent.)

Mr. B. T. Char, B.A., Organising Commissioner and Provincial Secretary of the Hindustan Scout Association, retired from the service of the Association on the 31st of March, 1944, after an eventful career of a quarter of a century in the service of the youth of the country. He joined the ranks of Scouters in the very early days of the movement and has been associated with Bombay's Scouting almost since its inception here. During this period he has worked for the organisation with unusual fervour and faith, and he has to his credit the training of thousands of people of all ranks, including district judges, I.C.S. officers, engineers, professors, headmasters, doctors, lawyers, Police officers, etc. Touring extensively in the cause of Scouting throughout Bombay and Sind under the leadership of stalwarts like Sir Chunilal V. Mehta and Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, he was able to raise the scouting of this part of the country to a high standard both in numbers and efficiency. In recognition of his merits, he was invested with the rank of a D.C.C., being the first Indian to be appointed to that rank without ever setting foot in Gilwell, the training centre of the British Empire.

When in 1938, the country demanded the Indianisation of the movement, Mr. Char was among the foremost who were responsible for the birth of the great All-India national scout organisation, the Hindustan Scout Association, which claims a membership of nearly 50,000 in this province alone. When the popular Government was in power he was able to earn for the Association its entire confidence and whole-hearted support.

Mr. Char's place as Provincial Secretary is now filled in an Honorary capacity by Mr. K. G. Vaidyanathan, B.T., an enthusiast of a rare type.

Textile Workers Demand Three Months' Bonus

A public meeting of the textile workers of Bombay was held in the evening of 2nd inst at Kamgar Maidan to condemn the refusal of the Bomaby Millowners to pay 3 months' bonus to the workers. The workers also unanimously demanded of the Government immediate reference of the bonus dispute to the arbitration of the Industrial Court. Mr. S. S. Mirajkar presided. In his introductory speech, Mr. Mirajkar narrated the magnificent role played by the Bombay textile workers on the production front, and also exposed the reactionary game that was being played by a certain section of the Owners in turning town the just demand of the workers. Mr. S. G. Patkar, General Secretary of the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union (Red Flag) moved a resolution demanding arbitration and Mr. K. T. Sule, Joint Secretary seconded it. After the termination of the meeting, the workers formed themselves into a huge procession. Thousands of textile workers participated in it, shouting slogans demanding the fulfilment of their demands.

Bengal Relief Committee

Mrs. Kalyani Bhattacharjee who is in charge of Anti-disease department of Bengal Relief Committee has received a donation of Rs. 9,000 from H. H. The Maharani of Jaipur for anti-disease work in Bengal. This sum will be utilised by sending three more units to the affected districts of Bengal.

SIR R. PIERSE CONCLUDES TOUR IN CEYLON

COLOMBO, April 2: Air Chief Marshal Sir Richard Pierse, Air Officer Commanding-in-Chief, Allied Airforces S.E.A.C. recently paid a flying visit to this island and conducted a tour of inspection of R.A.F. units serving in Ceylon.—A. P.

Indian Dance Festival

Bombay will be looking forward to the highlight of "Dil Pazir", at the Cooperage, the Indian Dance Festival, a feature which will revive something of the ancient glories of the open-air dance theatres of yesterday.

Mrs. Sabawala whose energy and enterprize are a bye-word has arranged a programme of dances. Against the simple beauty of a floodlighted tree, Ram Gopal, Shirin Vazifdar, the Poovish Sisters, Krishan Kutty and many others will perform. Uday Shankar's Troupe will present some of the lovely folk dances with which they regaled Bombay audiences some time ago and there will be Manipuri dances by one of its exponents.

The festival will last for two days only, April 8th and 9th and as accommodation is limited, those who are keen to see this unusual production should apply for tickets immediately by phoning 43126. Tickets are priced at Rs. 10, 5, 3 and 1 and there are not many left.

The cause is one every citizen of Bombay will want to support ..... Charity Begins In Homes..... for the beggars.

Vijaya Laxmi Pandit To Open Exhibition

The Exhibition organised by the Reception Committee of the All-India Women's Conference will be opened by Shrimati Vijayalaxmi Pandit to-day at Ram Bag C. P. Tank at 4 p.m. and to the public after 5-30 p.m. From the 6th to 10th, it will be open from 3-30 p.m. to 7-30 p.m.

There will be a public meeting of the Women from North Bombay on 6th April at 4 p.m. at Damodar Hall to meet the Standing Committee Members of the All-India Women's Conference.

BARIA, April 4.

Shrimati Ashakumari Banubasaheb, grand daughter of His Highness the Maharajasaheb of Baria expired here last evening. All the offices, schools and markets are closed as a mark of respect to her memory.

New Office Bearers Of Bombay Rotary Club

Rotarian Behram N Karanjia has been elected President and Rotarian W. M. Martin vice-President of the Rotary Club of Bombay for 1944-45.

The annual general meeting of the Club was held on Tuesday, when the new Governing Body was elected Rotarian Sir Francis Low presided.

The other officers and members of the Governing Body elected are:—Hony. Secretary: Rotarian N. N. Ghose; Asstt. Hony. Secretary: Rotarian S K. Kooka; Hony. Treasurer: Rotarian G. G. Morarjee; Directors: Rotarian Immediate Past President Sir Francis Low, Rotarians Kaisar Ahmad, Dr. J. F. Bulsara, R. G. Higham, M. P. Patel Sir C. D. Deshmukh, F. A. Fazelbhoy, H. I. Rahimtools, and D. E. Budgett-Meakin.

The new Governing Body will assume office in the first week of July.

Rotary Club Condemns Bribery

The following resolution was passed by the Rotary Club of Bombay at its meeting held on Tuesday:—

"The Rotary Club of Bombay desires to make it known that in pursuance of the second object of Rotary, namely "high ethical standards in business and professions, the recognition of worthiness of all useful occupations and the dignifying by each Rotarian of his occupation as an opportunity to serve society", it records its emphatic disapproval of bribery and corruption in any form and its support for the drive now being made against these twin evils. All forms of bribery are contrary to the objects of Rotary and anti-social, and every Rotarian recognises his obligation not to practise them. The members of the Club appeal to the public to follow them in abstaining from all corrupt practices and in endeavouring by all means in their power to stop the evil and to bring guilty persons to account."

Khadi Exhibition At Matunga

There will be a Khadi and Village Industries Exhibition in Matunga at Asthika Samaj Hall in a beautifully constructed pandal on 7th, 8th and 9th (Friday, Saturday and Sunday) to celebrate "National Week" when there will be exhibits of various village industries' products, such as Khadi, leather and Paper goods, oils, honey, hand-made fountain-pens, lantern, paintings Handloom and paper-making, bell-metals, etc., etc. Mr. M. R. Masani will open the exhibition at 10 a.m. (S. T.) on Friday, the 7th.

Do Not Forget To Hear
KUMARI JUTHIKA RAY
DIL PAZIR FETE
IN AID OF
THE BOMBAY BEGGARS
OPENING ON APRIL 6TH AT THE COOPERAGE

Special Indian Musical items for the Indian Music Lovers, besides many other attractions, in the Theatre: 9-30 P.M.

6th April: Mr. SURENDRANATH (Ranjit Star)
Mrs. SARASWATIBAI MANE
7th April: VILAYATHUSEIN and K. C. DEY the famous blind singer
11th April: KUMARI JUTHIKA RAY

Theatre Tickets can be had at the Royal Opera House Booking Office All other tickets can be had from Mrs. SABAVALA'S OFFICE. Industrial Assnce Bldg., Churchgate, Bombay.

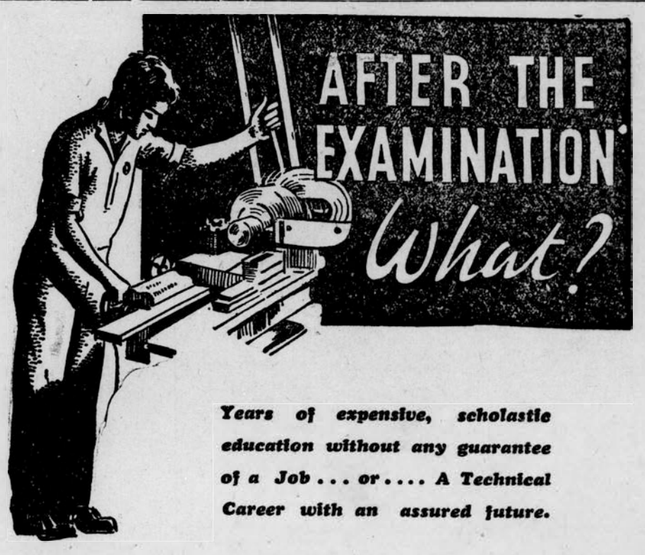
Entrance Ticket of the Fete only As. 8.

KALVERT'S SQUASHES & CORDIALS

Our fruit-juice products are better in quality and richer in vitamin-content.

KALVERT'S QUALITY PRODUCTS
Squashes—Syrups—Condiments—Chutneys, Vinegars—Sauces—Barley—Arrowroot etc., etc., are available at every store.

A KALVERT & CO., BOMBAY 8



Years of expensive, scholastic education without any guarantee of a Job ... or .... A Technical Career with an assured future.

This young man decided to learn a technical trade free at a Government Technical Training Centre. He learnt his trade from expert instructors. He earned a good cash stipend from the very first day.

Now he has a technical job in the Defence Services. He is helping India to become strong and prosperous. He is a skilled man able to command a good wage anywhere.

Take YOUR place in India's Industrial Future

WRITE NOW FOR THIS PROSPECTUS ...which gives full details of careers. To
BOMBAY—Chairman, Bombay National Service Labour Tribunal, Hassan Chambers, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.
NAGPUR—Chairman C. P. & Berar National Service Labour Tribunal, New Assembly Members Rest House, Nagpur.

★
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
(Dept. of Labour)
Technical Training Scheme
★

CPU. 329

REVISED PRICES OF COPRA CAKE.

The Government of Bombay has issued an Order reducing the wholesale price of copra cake in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District from Rs. 8-8-0 to Rs. 6-12-0 per bag of six quarters inclusive of the price of a sound gunny bag.

The retail price per quarter (naked) will now be Rs. 1-2-6 instead of the old rate of Rs. 1-7-0 per quarter.

These revised prices have come into effect from April 3, 1944.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, April 4: The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at 8 hours on 31st March 1944:—

Allahabad 76 60 0, BOMBAY 87 75 0, Calcutta 88 67 0.1, Cawnpore 69 60 T, Cuttack 85 66 0.3, Darjeeling 47 39 1.2, Delhi 80 59 0, Dehra Dun 69 52 T, Jacobabad 89 65 0, Karachi 82 70 0, Lahore 83 57 0, Lucknow 70 60 0.6, Madras 89 77 T, Nagpur 87 61 0, Patna 77 60 0.3, Peshawar 79 55 0, Shillong 68 46 1.1, Simla 51 39 1.1.—A. P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY.

Man is neither mere intellect, not the gross animal body, nor the heart or soul alone. A proper and harmonious combination of all the three is required for the making of the whole man and constitutes the true economics of education.

—Mahatma Gandhi.

The Bombay Chronicle

SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

Under the title "Scientific Education And Research in relation to National Welfare" the Government of India have published a Report containing eight smaller reports and pamphlets bearing on scientific research in Britain and recently published in England. Prof. Alexander Hill contributing a preface reviewing all the eight documents. These documents are: (1) a report of the British Commonwealth Science Committee of the Royal Society; (2) a report of the Parliamentary and Scientific Committee on Scientific Research and the Universities in Post-war Britain; (3) a report on Industry and Education, published by the Nuffield College, Oxford; (4) a pamphlet on Relationship of Research Associations to the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research by A. L. Hetherington; (5) a pamphlet on "Are you Research-minded?" by Sir Harold Horthy, F.R.S.; (6) a pamphlet on Industry and Research published by the Federation of British Industries; (7) an article in the 'Times' on Science in Industry by Samuel Courtauld, and (8) the Progress Report for 1942-43 of the Colonial Research Committee of the Colonial Office. These documents deal with various phases of scientific research and particularly with Industrial Research and will doubtless be of great benefit to Britain and British industries. Judicially interpreted and adapted, they will benefit India, too. Indians interested in scientific research and education should, therefore, carefully study them and formulate plans specially suited to India. Even apart from the lessons burnt in our minds by the present war, India cannot afford to lag behind other countries in respect of scientific research, whether for industrial developments or other spheres of national welfare. It will be suicidal to rely unduly on help in this matter from Britain or other Allies. But scientific research is a costly affair and cannot make much progress unless Government, Universities, industrialists and the public in general co-operate. One of the reports under review says: "We ought to look forward to spending at least 10 times as much annually after the war on research." India's need is vastly greater. Initiative in any big venture in this connection is best taken by Government. But in India a peculiar difficulty is that the Government of India neglect science as education is a Provincial subject, and no one province is rich enough to maintain a well-equipped research institute with a number of allied departments. Such an institute should be maintained by the Government of India with contributions from Provincial Governments, States, industrialists and the public. A representative central Government can certainly do all this. The present Government can at least make a modest beginning, and a draft plan for this purpose may be prepared by the Indian scientists who are announced to visit England in May to study research institutions and methods there.

The report under review rightly deals with scientific education in general as well as research. For the latter cannot go far unless the general science courses in the Universities are advanced enough. Considering the extraordinary advances that have been recently made and are still being made in many branches of science it cannot be said that our University courses are advanced enough. They should be at once improved and whatever new equipment is necessary for the purpose must be provided without delay. Universities can also help scientific research through carefully planned division of labour. Government's help is necessary even for this. But what progress can be expected when so many popular Governments are suppressed and their place is taken by non-Indian autocrats? However, Universities can plan new courses and work them so far as the available funds permit and with such additional help as they can get from philanthropists.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Russia And Rumania

The statement of Soviet Russia's policy towards Rumania, whose territories have just been entered into by the troops of the former will come like a welcome breath of fresh air in the fetid choking atmosphere of European politics. Though it is addressed to the Rumanians, it is clear that it is meant also for the ears of not only all the other Balkan States under the heels of the Nazis, but also of all the Allies of Soviet Russia. As Reuter's diplomatic correspondent in London remarks, Molotov's declaration puts the principles of the Atlantic Charter into absolute practice...while, we may add, the avowed sponsors of that Charter, Messrs. Roosevelt and Churchill, are still quibbling and trying to undermine its foundations. The sincerity of Soviet Russia's declaration is patent on its face and the fact that the declaration was shown to and had the full approval of the British Government before it was made public adds to its weight. Russia has unequivocally assured the Rumanian people that the entry of its troops into Rumania is dictated solely by military necessity and "is in no way aimed at the integrity of Rumanian territory or the existing social order." This would not mean, we may be sure, that Rumania would be allowed to retain the Bessarabian and Transdniestrian districts of the U.S.S.R. which were offered as an illegal gratification to Rumania by Hitler for agreeing to side with Germany in the present war. What is legitimately Rumania's would be allowed to remain hers. Soviet Russia's generosity and sense of justice should go a long way to convince all patriotic Rumanians that the best interests of their country would be served only by their whole-hearted co-operation with the Russians in ejecting the enemy from Rumanian soil. It is also calculated to inspire similar feelings among the people of Bulgaria and other Balkan States groaning under Nazi tyranny and to hasten the day of their ultimate liberation.

Poland And Russia

While everyone sympathises with the Polish Government in London in its patriotic desire to see the integrity of Polish territory maintained after the liberation of the same from Nazi thraldom, the policy of pin-pricks that Government has been pursuing towards the Soviet Government, whose armies it is that are directly engaged in effecting the liberation of Poland, is not equally easy of understanding and appreciation. That policy has already led to the severance of diplomatic relations between the two Governments, which is diplorable in the extreme from the point of view of Allied unity. The Polish Government, has not stopped to calculate the serious consequences which must ensue to its own nationals in German-occupied territory from its policy of neutrality-cum-non-co-operation towards the Soviet Government. While instructing these nationals to intensify their resistance to the Germans, the Polish Government has also advised them not to offer any co-operation to the Russian Armies which are trying to eject the Germans from Polish soil. It is true that Poles have been warned also to avoid any conflict with Soviet troops. But human psychology being what it is, is not the Polish Government straining the "neutrality" of its nationals too much by asking the latter not to co-operate in their own liberation? And what would be the feelings of the Russian soldiers engaged in a life-and-death struggle with the enemy—and that enemy the enemy, too, of the Poles!—when they find the Poles standing aside as uninterested "neutral" witnesses of that struggle? The Russian soldier is after all human—like the soldier of over other country.

The Immediate Duty

The Polish Government, after pursuing a policy clearly fraught with undesirable consequences, now complains that two members of the Polish underground movement in German-occupied Poland have been court-martialled and shot by the Russian invasion troops. The latter, whether rightly or wrongly, may plead justification for their action on the score of something done to endanger the safety of the troops. What help can the British or American Governments render to the Polish Government in such a dispute? Commonsense as well as considerations of real patriotism should suggest to the Polish Government the extreme inadvisability of its present policy towards the Soviet Government. Whatever differences there may be between them should be left to be settled at the close of the European war with the good offices of the friends of Poland among the United Nations. Till then all Poles, whether in or outside Poland, should deem it their duty to help in the speedy liberation of their country whether with Russian or any other help.

Welcome Decision

The Government of India's decision not to enhance railway fares is to be welcomed, whatever may be the plan behind it. It has been admitted that the increase was proposed, not to meet any deficit, but to check inflation and utilise the proceeds for post-war plans. Government may have preferred to wait a little longer for the increase as they know they can have their way at any time. The present is certainly not the best moment to exasperate the vast travelling public. Perhaps the decision was due to the leaking out of the fact that the Commander-in-Chief and some Indian members of the Viceroy's Council had voted against increase in fares and that the proposal was finally carried by the casting vote of the Viceroy. Whatever the cause, we welcome the result.

BR. EMPIRE CASUALTIES

India's Four Years' Toll Of War Comes To 109,800

WESTMINSTER, April 4: British Empire casualties during the first four years of the war were 667,159.

Mr. Churchill gave these figures in the Commons to-day. The total is made up of 158,741 killed, 78,204 missing, 159,219 wounded, and 270,995 prisoners of war.

Mr. Churchill to-day announced Indian casualties in the first four years of the war as 109,800 made up of 5,912 killed, 17,810 missing, 13,230 wounded and 72,848 prisoners of war (including 58,221 officers and other ranks missing but presumed prisoners of war). These casualties include those of Hongkong and Singapore Royal Artillery.

ALLIES BOMB BUCHAREST

Patrol Clashes On All Italian Fronts

LONDON, April 4.

Mediterranean Allied Force Advance Headquarters:—

Today's Allied Communique states "Our Artillery was pouring many concentrations on enemy positions, dumps and supply routes. Patrol clashes occurred on all fronts.

Bucharest was bombed today.

The great Mannfred Swies Steel works and armament factory was the chief target of R.A.F. LIBERATORS and WELLINGTONS which bombed Budapest last night.

Heavy bombers yesterday attacked Broad, Knin and Drnis. Medium bombers attacked a bridge north of Orvieto. Twenty-six enemy aircraft were destroyed. Thirteen df ours are missing.

AXIS SHIPS BLOWS UP

Middle East aircraft directly hit an Axis supply vessel and blew up a second ship in the Aegean Sea. WELLINGTONS made a night raid on Maleme airfield (Crete). Three Allied aircraft are missing.

BRITISH HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR ITALY

The former British Ambassador to Brazil, Sir Noel Charles, is to succeed Mr. Harold MacMillan, British Resident Minister at the Allied Force Headquarters, Mediterranean Command, as British member of the Advisory Council for Italy. He will have the title of High Commissioner and will live in Italy where the Headquarters of the Council will now be established.

Air Raid On Manilla

NEW YORK, April 4.

United States Government radio monitors at 11.00 hours (G. M. T.), to-day heard Manila radio (Philippines) broadcast "The all-clear signal has been given throughout Greater Manilla. Indoor lights may be turned on, but outdoor lights must be kept off".

Nothing is known here of any raid on Manila.—Reuter.

AMERICAN CLUB DANCE MAKES BIG SUCCESS

The Tea Dance organised at the Brabourne Stadium by the American Club on Tuesday night was a mammoth ball in a carnival or fun fair.

The Yanks can really dish it out in a grand manner and Tuesday night's affair in Yankee parlance was posh.

It must have taken the local Americans quite a lot of spade work to get up the show which was a roaring success in every respect.

Dancers took the floor with great zest to the accompaniment of choice melodies played by reputed jazz bands.

Besides dancing there was a lot of other varieties of fun for those who did not like to gyrate to jazzy melodies.

There was a typical American bar where one could get soaked. Games there were in plenty and one could practically gamble away one's last penny.

The proceeds realised from the function will be dedicated to charities. A portion will go to benefit 'Indian charities' and the rest for other charities.

From the crowds that flocked the stadium it looks as if the organisers have netted in a fair sum for their benevolent cause.

Vera Lynn In Bombay

Vera Lynn, the "Forces Sweetheart" is now in Bombay.

She has sung to the public from the age of 7 and has gradually reached the top rung of the ladder. Her programmes over the B.B.C. are a positive delight and her fan-mail to-day amounts to over a thousand letters. Now she is on her own, singing on the air, appearing in vaudeville and making hundreds of gramophone records.

She has travelled little but after the war is won she intends to visit America and come back again to India.

She will be here only another two days and then go somewhere to the East to entertain more troops. On her way here she entertained the forces in Cairo and other places. She expects to return to England in June.

Govt. Confiscates Mrs. Asafali's House

NEW DELHI, April 4.

The double storyed house belonging to Mrs. Asaf Ali, which was attached in October 1942, under Sectiln 87 of Cr. P. C. has been confiscated by Government. It is estimated that the cost of the house is about Rs. 40,000.

Mr. Premkisahn Khanna, former A.I.C.C. Member, was sentenced to three months' R. I. under Section 224 I.P.C. for escaping from police custody in November 11, 1942. He was arrested on August 5, 1943 at Ravalpindi.—United Press.

'Police Offensive' In Paris

LONDON, April 4.

The B. B. C. last night gave a warning of a police offensive of "unprecedented proportions" in the Paris region. French patriots were warned that in cafes, metro stations and all places of entertainment people were being questioned and dragged off.—Reuter.

The Sophia College Case

(By K. T. Shah)

II

The recommendations of the Committee were carefully scrutinised in the Academic Council, where there are Catholic as well as Protestant Christian members. They could not, however, persuade a majority to take any other view but the one recommended by the Enquiry Committee. In the Syndicate which also had opportunity more than once to scrutinise the final recommendation to the Senate there is a Jesuit member Fr. Duhr. But he did not see any ground to record a formal dissent from the view of his colleagues. Had he done so, his note would have gone to Government along with all the other proceedings of the various university bodies in this affair. The contention of the Governing Body of the College that there was no Christian on the Committee is thus very much weakened in force, since the Committee could only advise, while it is only the Syndicate which can decide upon the final recommendation to the Senate. And the Catholic syndic did not think it worth while to record a formal protest; so that the matter went to the Senate with, in effect, the unanimous backing of the Syndicate.

* * *

This brief review of the process, which culminated in the final vote of the Senate on the 12th February, 1944, after over six hours of debate, would suffice to show that the general policy of the strictest possible religious neutrality in educational institutions recognised by, or affiliated to, the University, has the support of a considerable majority in the only constitutional and representative organisation, charged with this matter, and competent to deal with it. The speeches in the Senate unmistakably revealed that such difference of opinion as existed related, not to the basic principle but to the specific details of the particular case. Even there the difference was not confined only to Catholics or even to Christians. Only one Catholic speaker participated in the debate on the main issue; and another Christian a Protestant, supported him. The majority of speakers were Hindus; and they were sharply divided,—a larger number of those speakers seeming in fact to be against the Syndicate recommendation.

On the purely academic aspect of the matter, therefore, the several university bodies dealing with the matter are agreed that there should be no proselytising activities in any affiliated college. As the majority in all these bodies was satisfied after all proper enquiry that, in the Sophia College there had been such activities, culminating in actual conversions, disciplinary action had to be taken against that college. Opinion may and does, differ as to the adequacy or proportionateness of the actual step; but there is no difference on the basic principle involved.

* * *

The legal aspect is complicated by questions of procedure as well as of specific legal competence of the bodies concerned with the matter. Points of order have also been raised in the Senate questioning the compliance in full with the terms of the sections relating to affiliation and disaffiliation. On this last the Chair at the special Senate meeting has already ruled that all the requirements of the Bombay University Act in this behalf had been complied with; and that, consequently, the motion recommending disaffiliation was perfectly in order. It is understood this ruling has been challenged. Until the decision is given by the final authority it would not be proper to express any opinion on the same.

The competence of the Committee, as well as the fullness of its investigation have also been challenged, directly or by implication. Under the Bombay University Act, however which alone is the source of power and authority of any University Body, the powers of any enquiring committee are necessarily limited. The inquiry could, therefore, not be a judicial enquiry in the proper sense of the term. This, of course was pointed out by the Committee themselves to every one who appeared before them in evidence, and also in their report. Unless the Act is amended or unless special legislation is passed no enquiry conducted by any University authority can have power to summon witnesses, administer oaths, cross-examine, permit legal advisers to appear for parties desiring such assistance and compel production of relevant documents by any person, body or authority. It is open to question if any legislative authority in India can enact legislation sufficient to deal with dignitaries of the Catholic Church, like the Archbishop of Bombay, who may have been deeply involved in the matter. Without such powers, no enquiry, I repeat, can be full in the sense conveyed by the Governing Body of the College in their statement, or by some speakers at the special Senate meeting.

The demands, therefore for another enquiry seemed to be only a strategic move intended either to delay further and prolong the agitation; or to accentuate the confusion and increase the possibility of a further division of opinion. This does not harmonise with the plea, advanced at the special Senate meeting by some speakers, that they demanded a further enquiry in order to go with a more united opinion to the Government. For, on such matters, unanimity is impossible to attain in a body composed as the Senate; and any majority would be discounted by the defeated minority as not genuine but only the adventitious outcome of party politics. The Archbishop seems to have actually hinted at this view.

(To Be Continued.)

Menace To Free Press In India

Mani Pleads For Guarantee Of Freedom Of Fourth Estate In Future Indian Constitution

CUTTACK, April 4.

A warning that the greatest danger to a free press in India might come from the party governments of the future, was uttered by Mr. A. D. Mani, Editor "Hitavada", Nagpur, in his presidential address at the All-Orissa Journalists' Conference this evening.

The speaker said that experience of the manner in which party and autonomous governments had treated the press, particularly in provinces like the Punjab and Bengal where the agreement between the Editors' Conference and the Government was not working satisfactorily, gave sufficient grounds for the fear that Party governments of the future would try to punish that section of the Press which was hostile to them. It was therefore imperative that organised bodies of journalists opinion should press for the inclusion in the declaration of rights of the future Indian constitution a clause that would guarantee freedom of the press, a declaration which would be susceptible of enforcement in Courts of law.

Mr. Mani said there was another danger which was besetting Indian Press, and that was the attempt of the industrialists to control newspapers and to possess a chain of newspapers through which syndicated opinions could be broadcast all over the country. He said that however well-intentioned some of the industrialists might be, the Indian press could not afford to risk of being under the control of Rothermeres and Beaverbrooks.

Speaking about the A.I.N.E.C., Mr. Mani stated that it was largely due to its efforts that the journalists' profession was placed on an organised basis and appealed to brother-journalists in Orissa to join the organisation and strengthen it. He paid a tribute to Mr. K. Srinivasan, former President and Mr. S. A. Brelvi, present President of the Conference for bringing about unity and harmony in the profession. He advised the journalists in Orissa to set up press advisory committees to function as a resistence screen between the Government and the Press. But he added, the Press Advisory Committees are only war-time babies, and the moment war is over and when emergency legislation was removed from the Statute book, there would be no need for such committees, and it was well that it should be so, because in his opinion, official contacts between the press and the Government did cramp expression of opinion.

As far as the future of the press in India is concerned, added Mr. Mani, it was entirely in the heads of Indian languages press on whom the politicians of the future would depend for successes at the elections and that the days of the English—languages press were numbered. The future Indian democracy would require from newspapers a more detailed study of public questions than was the case today, because the future problems would be economic problems not mainly political as at present. Mr. Mani did not favour of newspapers being tied down to certain political parties. Newspapers, in his view, should lead public opinion and not be led by political leaders.

As regards economic conditions of journalists, Mr. Mani advocated the fixing of a minimum wage according to the requirements of the area in which the journalist worked, provident fund and old-age pensions, protection by journalists' association to journalist threatened with dismissal in the form a scrutiny of his cause by an ad-hoc tribunal. While the journalists were entitled to demand recognition of their position in Society, they should also realise that they had responsibilities as well. It is unfortunate that a section of the press—he was glad to say it was not large—did not maintain the highest traditions of the profession and suggested the setting up of a tribunal on model of the Bar or Medical Council to judge cases of professional mis-conduct, a journalist, as also any member of the public having the right to approach the tribunal with his complaint. Such a step he felt would at once raise the standard of the profession. Mr. Mani felt that it was the duty of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference to look into the matter. He realised that it was a delicate matter to handle, but it was a matter which had to be handled with courage some day or other and the A.I.N.E.C. was in his opinion, the fittest organisation to look into the question.

Sophia College And Minorities

With reference to the controversy on the above subject going on in the "Times of India", the editor having closed the correspondence in his columns without allowing me an opportunity to reply to the Archbishop, may I crave your indulgence to permit me briefly to reply to the points he has made in his letter appearing to-day?

(i) There is no official shorthand record of speeches in the Senate. The statement in the Archbishop's letter, giving quotation "from a verbatim report" of my speech, can only be by reporters engaged by somebody without the permission of the university authorities. I cannot, therefore, accept that quotation as correctly reproducing my remarks.

(ii) The Archbishop now admits the conversion I had mentioned in the Senate,—which was the main point of my argument. The fact that the convert in this case,—Mrs. Peerzada, —was a major only helps my argument, because her children were minors. The conversion, moreover, has taken place in an educational institution, called the College of the Sacred Heart.

(iii) It is also admitted by the Archbishop that the Sophia College cannot be described as a *"Christian" College*, or as meant "mainly for Christians". His attempt, therefore, to make of the university action against it a special hardship on the Christian community is utterly unwarranted, and of a piece with the usual imperialist policy of divide and rule. By quoting a remark from my letter to the "Times" out of context, the Archbishop has indulged in the usual Jesuit trick; but has only proved that this institution could be even more fitly described as a "foreign" institution than a *Christian college*.

(iv) I do not know if he is aware that this device is being adopted in the field of the economic exploitation of India even more commonly by such concerns as the Imperial Chemical Industries, for example. By adding, into brackets, the term *"India"* after their name, they claim all the advantages due to India's national enterprises. By such means, however, they obtain facilities to exploit our material backwardness, just as these foreign missionaries exploit our ignorance and superstition. But that cannot affect the essence of my argument, particularly, as regards *"Christian"* (!) complexion of this institution, or the hardship (!) upon the Christian community due to the university action. The college, I repeat, is in no sense of the term a Christian institution; and if the creed of its conductors is to make it so, then their nationality must make it far more truly a *"foreign"* institution.

K. T. SHAH.

Bombay, April 4.

BHOPAL'S REBUFF TO RAISMAN

States Have Offered Help To Crown To Their Utmost Capacity

BHOPAL, April 4: The impressive contribution made by the Indian States in the war against the Axis and in the fight against inflation is stressed by His Highness the Nawab of Bhopal, Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes, in a statement to the Associated Press.

His Highness says: "Sir Jeremy Raisman is reported recently to have said in the Legislative Assembly that one of the causes for the measures adopted by the Government of India to deal with inflation proving inadequate, was the fact that their jurisdiction did not extend to the Indian States. This is being interpreted in certain quarters as meaning that the States have failed to co-operate with the Government of India. However fantastic this suggestion may appear to those who know the facts, it becomes necessary for me to repudiate it categorically and in the most emphatic manner, because Sir Jeremy Raisman's observations were made in a place where the States are unrepresented and where, therefore, no reply could be given in their behalf."

His Highness continues: "The support which the Crown has received from the States in the war against the Axis is a matter of history.

Having placed of their own free will their personal services and the entire resources of their States at the disposal of His Majesty, the Princes have given in the fulfilment of their offer to the utmost limit of their capacity—men, money material and personal endeavour.

His Highness adds: "While their ultimate purpose has been the same, the States have felt it to be their duty, as it is their indisputable right, to adopt those ways and means which are best suited to their own peculiar conditions and economy, of which they and they alone are the best judges. I would point out finally that in their endeavours to check inflation more than one State has taken bolder, more effective, and more timely action than the Government of India".—A. P.

Lebanese Mission Welcomed In Iraq

BAGHDAD, April 3.

An enthusiastic welcome was given to-day to the Lebanon Mission to Iraq and Saudi Arabia. The Lebanese Prime Minister Rashid El Solh headed the mission accompanied by Salim Takalla, Foreign Minister and a few Lebanese members of Parliament. They are spending a few days as guests of the Iraq Government.

They were met by General Nuri As Said Prime Minister and Mahomood Subhi El Daftari Foreign Minister. The Foreign Minister is entertaining the guests at a luncheon.—Reuter.

Russian Discovery Of Anti-Influenza Serum

MOSCOW: A new anti-serum that has given best results yet in preventing influenza has been discovered by Russian scientists.—India Press Service.

MISS RADCLIFF HALL PASSES AWAY

LONDON (By Mail): Death has occurred of Miss Radclift Hall, the novelist and poetess in London after six months of illness following an operation.—India Press Service.

D. C. CHAKRAVARTI DEAD

CALCUTTA, April 4.

The death occurred last night, after a brief illness at his Tollygunge residence, of Mr. Dhires Chandra Chakravarti (49), former Secretary of the Congress Nationalist Party, Bengal.

Mr. Chakravarti was a member of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee and the All-India Congress Committee for many years, and suffered imprisonment several times during the Congress movement of 1930-32. On the introduction of the Communal Award under the constitution of 1935, Mr. Chakravarti joined hands with Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya in forming the Congress Nationalist Party and became the Secretary of the party in Bengal.—A. P.

Question To Sapru

BOMBAY, April 4.

Referring to the statement of Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru through the "Orient Press" in connection with the Congress-League alliance in the Central Assembly, Mr. Hussain A. Beg Mohamed, M.L.A., and President of the Bombay Provincial Muslim Students' Federation says, "I have read carefully Sir Sapru's statement and wish to point out to Sir Sapru that it is no use assuming the air of a godfather of Muslim interests. Muslims are quite capable of taking care of themselves. I appeal to him not to raise slogans and let the present understanding between the Congress and the League have a fair chance.

If the Hindu minorities are assured of their rightful position in Pakistan, there is no reason to believe why the Hindu Government in Hindustan should be so narrow-minded as to ill-treat the Muslim minorities and if the Hindus do so, they will be cutting their own feet and will never be able to carry on their own Government peacefully. The question of retaliation, therefore, does not arise at all.

I may ask him only one question, that if what he says happens in the U.P. even under one Central Government what alternative does he think Musalmans will have.—Orient Press.

Salesman's Conviction Confirmed

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Lokur and Mr. Justice Weston).

Gatulal Nathalal Talati—Appellant (Original Accused).

vs

Imperator——Respondent.

This was an appeal from a sentence of nine months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 300 passed by the Presidency Magistrate, First Additional Court, who convicted him of criminal breach of trust in respect of 22 Tata Deferred Shares.

The complainant Dwarkadas Morarka had entrusted these shares to the appellant along with blank transfer forms for giving inspection thereof to the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China Ltd., which the accused was alleged to have misappropriated to his own use by depositing them with the Bank of India for obtaining an overdraft of Rs. 15,400 and drawing Rs. 14,000 from that Bank on the security of those shares.

The appellant admitted that he had deposited those shares with the Bank of India and obtained Rs. 14,000, but his defence was that the shares had been transferred to him for good consideration.

Their Lordships believed the complainant's story and held that the appellant had misappropriated those shares to his own use. Their Lordships therefore confirmed the conviction and sentenced passed by the trial Magistrate and dismissed the appeal.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Is it a fact that thousands of American girls have arrived in India very recently? Asked Mr. K. S. Gupta in the Assembly this morning.

The External Affairs Secretary, Sir Olaf Caroe, replied in the negative and added that a small number of nurses and American W.A.C.S. had arrived for duties with the American forces.

Mr. Navalrai: What is meant by small number?

Sir Olaf: A number that is not large (laughter).

—Assembly Proceedings.

* * *

What is the world coming to? We wonder. The B.E.S.T. Company has announced that "to assist guests coming to Government House for the Investiture", special buses will run from opposite the Churchgate Station. Can it really be that some of the distinguished gentry will go to the Investiture in a common bus instead of their private limousines?

* * *

A woman spiritualist in England has been sentenced to nine months' imprisonment under the Witchcraft Act.

She ought to be glad she was not born a few hundred years earlier!

Any way, local spiritualist had better beware!

* * *

The Government has announced "an All-India forest-development policy."

We wish they devoted as much attention to human beings as they give to trees!

* * *

President Roosevelt has demanded 64,000,000 dollars for U.S.O.W.I. to expand "psychological warfare in the European, Mediterranean, China, Burma, India and Pacific theatres."

The President had better cry halt. So far as India is concerned we cannot stand any more of the psychological warfare carried on by his high pressure publicity boys!

* * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS

(Perpetrated By The Junior Colleague)

(1) *The Battle of Rumania is in full swing and Hitler is enjoying every minute of it.*

(2) *The Fuehrer does not mind the Russians occupying the whole of Rumania—so long as they leave his precious oil wells to him.*

(3) *If these oil-wells are taken away from him the Fuehrer fears he—and his army—might die of thirst.*

(4) *The Government has decided not to enhance railway fares in democratic deference to the vote of the Assembly.*

(5) *But there is a limit to democracy and the Government won't resign in deference to another vote of the Assembly.*

(6) *A plane has reached from Britain to India in 30 hours—but the report about the 112 Editors' letter won't reach England even in 30 days!*

(7) *The pen is mightier than the sword and Confrere Karaka, on the Imphal front, is proving that even a half-column is any day a match for the Japanese columns.*

HINDU MARRIAGE REFORM

'Elders' On Select Committee

NEW DELHI, April 4.

The Council of State adopted a motion today moved by Mr. Lal Secretary, Legislative Department, concurring in the resolution passed in the Legislative Assembly recommending that the bill to codify the Hindu Law relating to marriage be referred to a Joint Committee of 18 members of both the Houses.

Mr. P. N. Sapru supported the motion.

Mr. Sushil Kumar Roy Choudhury took the opportunity to contradict a statement made by Mr. Ghulam Bhik Nairang in the lower House that the presence of Muslim Members in Select Committees dealing with matters which affected the Hindu community alone did not prejudice the Hindu cause in any way and said that on a former occasion non-Hindu members did participate in the voting of the committees and influenced vital matters affecting Hindu interests.

He said that if any Muslim member wanted to be in the proposed committee, then he would say that monogamy should be applied to all persons in British India, irrespective of their religion. Sardar Sobha Singh extended his support to the motion.

Pt. H. N. Kunzru urged Government that the measure should not be unduly delayed and asked Government to give an assurance that the bill would be brought before the House in the next winter session.

Sir Mahomed Usman, leader of the House, referring to Mr. Sushil Kumar Roy Choudhury's remarks in regard to the presence of non-Hindu members in the committee, said that as far as the Council of State was concerned, members of the Muslim community had better stand aloof from the Committee.

Mr. Kumar Sankar Roy Chaudhury also supported the motion which was passed.

MEMBERS ON COMMITTEE

The House agreed to the following members being on the Joint Committee:—Pt. H. N. Kunzru, Mr. Kalikar, Mr. P. N. Sapru, Mr. Sushil Kumar Roy Chaudhury, Mr. G. S. Motilal, Sardar Sobha Singh Sir Gopalaswamy Iyengar, Sir Jotsna Ghosal and Mr. S. Lal.

The House adjourned till tomorrow when the Income-Tax Amendment Bill will be discussed.

Proctor Ladies Annex Hayes Cup

The replayed final of the Hayes Cup saw the Proctor Ladies winning the verdict by two goals to nil at the expense of the Bombay City at the St. Xavier's College Gymkhana ground Parel, on Monday. Miss S. Thapa gave an early lead to the Proctors which was later consolidated by Miss T. Rocha. The City players made strenuous efforts to reduce the margin but all their attempts were nullified by the even resourceful Miss P. Thomas in the second line of Proctor's defence.

At the conclusion of the match Mr. J. C. Maitra, President of the Tournament Committee of the Parel Sports Club, congratulated the Proctors on their resounding success in three tournaments this season which undoubtedly proclaimed them as the best team in the city. He wished them greater success in future.

Mrs. Tara Ali Baig distributed the trophies and prizes to the winners and runners up.

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"ROSE SHINE" is an excellent sovereign Vitamin tonic for health, vigour and vitality. If you are weak, and run down to old age in 30-40, put this great scientific invention to the test and enjoy the life. Use Roseshine and see the effect. You can be young upto 100 years. Price Rs. 3/8/- per bottle only. Postage & Packing free. Simply to popularise in all over India, a Parker or Krishna fountain pen England made will be given free to the first two or three purchasers of every town. If you will make the medicine popular in the town through distribution of our hand-bills according to the fixed instructions of the Coy, you can get the prize surely. Send order to-day for medicine "ROSE-SHINE" as to-morrow may be too late. Such chance comes rare in life. Price will be refunded, if proved otherwise.

NOTE:—Before taking delivery of the medicine see the remark of "FIRST PURCHASER" on the V.P. parcel so that you may be entitled to get the pen as our instructions sent to you in the V.P. Write in English only to: The Manchanday & Coy, Ferozepore City (N. India).

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Ballygunge	Aminabad
Sheoraphuli	(Lucknow)
Dacca	Ajmer
Narayanganj	Rajputana)
Mymensingh	Fort (Bombay)
Chittagong	Kalbadevi
Patna	(Bombay)
Gaya	Ahmedabad
Cuttack	Nagpur
Cawnpore	Itwari (Nagpur)
Meston Rd	Raipur
(Cawnpore)	Jubbulpore
Benares	Cantonment
Allahabad	(Jubbulpore)
Katra (Allahabad)	Amraoti.

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CITY MARKETS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

SHARES: The local Share Bazar was quietly steady and in the absence of any important business moved within a very narrow range. It seems that operators are inclined to await war developments. Tata Steel Dfd. Shares opened at Rs. 2,085 and after declining to Rs.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

T. S. Ord. (400) 403 404 2 400-8 1-8 3 2 1, T. S. Dfd. (2,072-8) 2,085 87 80 87 90 86 90 92 78-12, Dyeing (2,110) 2,115 12 11 17 20 17 16 17 15, Kohinoor (676) 676 75 76 80 79 78 80 78, Swadesh (601) 602 3 1 4 5 4, Nagpur (433) 435 33 35 34 36, Simplex (257-8) 257 59 58, New Great (401-8) 402-8 3, Bellapur (241) 241, 40 41, Cement (223-4) 224 23-8 24-4 23-12.

2,062 improved to Rs. 2,087. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 403 and quietened at Rs. 402. Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 2,115 and steadied at Rs. 2,117 while Kohinoors opened at Rs. 677 and were done at Rs. 678 Dena Trust Shares were placed at Rs. 31. The Share Bazar will open on Saturday as Friday is a holiday. The market was dull.

TEXTILE: Ahmed Advance 512-8, Apollo 4-14, Bharat Mills 80-8, Bom Dyeing 2115, Cent India 436, Century 1005, Colaba 230-9, Dawn 1675, Edwd Sassoon 775, Elphinstone 112, Finlay 347, Gokak 355, Hindustan 4000, Ind Bleaching xd 222, Ind Untd Odry 19-2, Ind Untd Defd 4-2, Indore Malwa 1157-8, Khatau 425, Kohinoor 678, Lakshmi 1510, Madhowji 25-4, Minerva 310 Model Nagpur 301-4, Morarji 725, Madhusudan 510, Meyer Sassoon 248, Mysore 321-14, New Great 403, Phoenix 750, Podar Mills 435, Sassoon Silk 104, Sassoon Spg 29-4 Sholapur 8700, Shri Nivas 435, Simplex 258, Svadeshi 604, Swan 378-12, Tata Mills 72-12 Vishnu 570, Western 2650.

INSURANCE: Bom Life 227-8, Empire Life 820, Vulvan 19-6, Oriental 6310, Ind Mercantile 86-8, Indust and Prudent 43, Jupiter 38-12, New India 93.

HYDRO & ELECTRIC: Ahmed Elec 225-12, Ajmere Elec 14-4, And Valley 1887-8, Bom Tram Ordy 145, Bom Suburban 205, Broach 13, Karachi xd 252-8, Poona 300 Surat Old 208-12, Surat New Rs 50/Pd 70, Tata Hydro Ord 204, Tata Power Ord 1887-8.

BANK: Baroda Bank xd 139-8, Bank of India xdxr 185-8, Central Bank xdxr 77, Imperial Bank xd 1920, Imperial Bank Contributory 496-4 Habib Bank xd 85, Union Bank xd 9-14, Reserve Bank 133.

RAILWAY: Ahmed Prantej 770, Cent Prov 103-4, Dhond Baramati 118, Hoshiarpur Doab 108, Gujeart 98, Mandra Bhon 112-4, Mymensing Rebt 111, Mymensing Gtd 111, Sara Siraiganj 110, Sialkot Naro 120 Sialkot New 60

MISCELLANEOUS GROUP: Alembic Chem 380, Alcock Ashdown 615, Asso Cement 223-12, Bom Burma Old 407-8, Bom Burma New 151, Belapur 241, Invest Trust xd 70-8, B B Petrols 2 15-3/4, Bom Steamer 565, Prem Const 219, Port Canning 108-12, Scindia 34-12, Shivrajpur 68-8, Tata Chem 31, Tata Oil 81-8, Tata Ordy 401, Tata Defd 2078-12 Wimco 330, B I C xd 6 1-1/2, Burma Corp 3-8, Ind Copper 2 10-1/2, Ind Iron 35-10, Steel Corp 26-12, New Vict Ord 814, H Co Bank 60-8, U Co Bank 76, Bradbury Pref 596, Bradbury Ord 417, Elphin Pref 232-8, Dharamsey Chem 77-8, New City Mill 430, New Union 32, Jaipur Banks 71.

GOVT. SECURITIES: 2-3/4 per cent 1948-52 Loan 99-8, 3-1/2 per cent G P Note 97-10, 3 per cent 1946 Def 1st 101-12, 3 per cent 1949-52 2nd 100-5 3 per cent 1951-54 3rd 99-10, 3 per cent 1953-55 4th 99-2, 3 per cent Vict Loan 1957 100-2-5 A1, 3 per cent 1963-65 Loan 97-12, 3-1/2 per cent 1947-50 Loan 102-14, 4 per cent 1960-70 Loan 112, 4-1/2 per cent 1955-60 Loan 115-10.

CORP. DEBENTURES: 4 per cent B P T 1974 113, 4 per cent M Deb 1974 113, 5 per cent M Deb 1959 120, 6 per cent M Deb 1964 129, 6 per cent K P T 1956 129-8.

TAX FREE LOANS: 5 per cent 1945-55 Loan 104-8, 4 per cent 1953-63 Mysore 123-6, 5 per cent Mysore 1965 135-8.

BULLION: Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.03-1/2 to 4.03-1/2 at London and 4.03 at New York. London Spot and Forward Silver quotations were unchanged 23-1/2 d. and New York Spot Silver was quoted at 44-3/4 cents.

The action of the local market without any doubt proves that the recent rise in the price of gold was mainly due to the policy of the Reserve Bank in connection with sales of Gold at higher prices. The market moved up with Bank's selling rate and now when the Bank is accepting tenders at lower price, the market price also decline. This goes to prove that the Government has no knowledge of actual working of the bullion market and unnecessarily attempted to lay the fault on speculators. The Bank accepted a tender of gold of about one lakh tolas today at Rs. 71/8 to Rs. 72 and naturally there was increased selling pressure in the market. Later prices rallied on short covering. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 71/8 and rallied to Rs. 72 Forward Silver opened at Rs. 130 and after advancing to Rs. 131 declined to Rs. 130/8. The market anticipates sales of silver from special quarters in the local market.

The market was quietly steady. Closing Quotations: Ready Gold Rs 72-4, Forward Rs. 72-4. Ready Silver Rs. 134, Forward Silver Rs. 131.

COTTON: The local Cotton Market looks like a deserted village where there are no buyers as well as sellers. Yesterday Mr. Hydari visited the largest Cotton Exchange of Asia and had discussion with Board and no official statement is issued. It is understood that the members drew the attention of the existing unduly low prices of cotton and in some cases far below the floor level. Mr. Hydari is reported to have said that the Government would buy cotton when pirces in the market go to Rs. 400 as per previous announcement. He advised merchants to buy ready cotton prices of which have declined considerably and hedge in forward market where comparatively higher prices are available. But those who bought actual cotton have suffered heavy losses as ready cotton prices have declined more as compared with Forward prices. Merchants would have followed his advice if we had a standard survey as is in the United States where the classification once done remains good for the quota. Thus the discussion proved of no immediate relief. The market opened today at Rs. 454 for May and after declining to Rs. 453/8 rallied to Rs. 454 with a limited business.

There was moderate short covering and May advanced to Rs. 457. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

I C C May Rs. 435-12, I C C July Rs. 446, I C C September Rs 450-12.

COTTON ARRIVALS: Khandesh 100, Central India 714, Berar 194, Dholerad 1709, Broach 2249, Westerns 102, Total 5068 Bales.

COTTON PARITY: Indian Cotton May contract is below New York May 411 cent points at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

I C C May highest 434-1/4; lowest 431 closing 432-3/4; I C C July highest 443-1/2 lowest 441 closing 442-1/4; I C C Sept. highest 448 lowest 445-1/2 closing 446-3/4.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Khandesh Jarilla New 265/300, Berar Jarilla New 365/380, 280 F Jarilla New 56/570, N T Jarilla New 505/515 289 F Sawginned New 615/625.

COTTON ROOM RATES

Jarilla Extra Spr fine 455, Sup 455, Fine F Good 432, Broach Extra Spr-fine 454, Sup. 449, Fine 444, F Good 439, Surti Extra Spr-fine 565, Sup 560, Fine 555, F Good 550, 4 F Pun-American Extra Spr-fine 500, Sup 495, Fine 490, F Good 435 L S S Pun-American Extra Spr-fnie 540, Sup 535, Fine 530, F Good 525, 289 F Pun-American 600 Sup 595, Fine 590, F Good 585, Saw-Gd 4 F Extra Spr-fine 525, Sup 520, Fine 515, F Good 510, Saw-Gd L S S Extra Spr-fine 570, Sup 565, Fine 560 F Good 555, Saw-Gd 289 F Extra Spr-fine 540, Sup 535, Fine 530, F Good 525, M G 4 F Sind-Ame Extra Spr. fine 490, Sup 485, Fine 480, F Good 475, M G N T Extra 535, Sup 530, Fine 525, F Good 520, Saw-Gd 4 F Sind-Ame Extra Spr-fine 515, Sup 510, Fine 505, F Good 500 Saw-Gd 28 F Sind-Ame Extra Spr-fine 575, Sup 570, Fine 565, F Good 560, Saw-Gd N T Sind-Ame Extra Spr-fine 575, Sup 570, Fine 565, F Good 560.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

Distants declined on spot house selling and New Orleans and commission house liquidation induced by uncertainty over the developments abroad and easiness of other markets. Nearby months were relatively steady on persistent mill price-fixing and the expectation of an increased textile production in a few months. The market closed steady.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, April 3.

May 20.83—03; July 20.49—02; October 19.93—10; Dec. 19.78—10; Jan. 19.72—10; March 19.62—10; May highest 20.85—01 (10-6 a.m.) lowest 20,79—07 (11-38 a.m.); Middling spot not received.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

May 20.96—06; July 20.63—05; October 19.96—10; Dec. 19.80; Jan 19.70, March 19.63—11; Middling spot not received.

NEW YORK COTTON

May 20.81; July 20.47; October 19.91.

WALL STREET QUOTATIONS

NEW YORK, April 3.

	To-day's Price
Anaconda Copper Mining	25-3/4-1/4
General Motors	57-1/2-1/8
U.S. Steel Corporation	51-3/8-5/8.

LONDON SILVER

LONDON, April 3.

Spot 23-1/2; Forward 23-1/2.

LONDON GOLD

London gold fine per oz. £8/8/0.

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. Four Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday the 4th April 1944. Total amount offered was Rs. 80,75,000 (Rupees eighty-lakhs seventy-five thousand only). Tenders at Rs 99-12-9 and above were accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 80,25,000 (Rupees eighty lakhs twenty-five thousand only), the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-12-10 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday the 11th April 1944 in Bombay up to 11 a.m. (Standard Time) and up to the close of business on Monday the 10th April 1944 at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday the 14th April 1944 Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 31st March 1944, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 1,10,75,000 (Rupees one crore ten lakhs seventy-five thousand only) were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—

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Your liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.

A mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes those famous Carter's Little Liver Pills to get these two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up". Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely. Look for the name Carter's Little Liver Pills on the red package. Refuse anything else.

BOMBAY SUBURBAN DT. BOARD ELECTIONS

Nationalist Party Not To Contest

The Leader of the Nationalist Party, D. L. B., B. S. D., writes:—

The District Local Board Elections for the Bombay Suburban District will be held shortly. At the last elections, the Nationalist Party fought the elections to justify the Congress political stand and was successful in winning the majority of seats. After the August resolution of the A. I. C. C. the Party passed a resolution supporting the Congress demand for immediate independence particularly with a view to organize the defence of India successfully during the critical period. As there was no response from Government to the above national demand, Shriyut D. G. Dalal the then President of the Board resigned his presidentship, when called upon to elect another President, the Board passed a resolution approving the action of the President and declined to elect another President pending the solution of the deadlock. Thereupon the Board was superseded and a Committee of Management was appointed by Government to carry on the work of the Board. We therefore feel that it would be a sheer waste of our time and energy to fight these elections and we see no necessity to contest them.

GWALIOR MAHARANI ON EDUCATION

It Should "Demolish Barriers Of Community And Creed"

"India being a country where people of different races, castes and creeds reside I wish you to remember that religion is one always, and although it is manifested in different forms in different communities and climes, it is essence the same everywhere. Its great Mission is the welding of the whole human society in one indivisible brotherhood through love, kindness, sympathy and service to all. The teaching which I wish to see imparted in our schools is therefore one which will tend to demolish all barriers of community and creed, and which will lead us to the realization of oneness not only with all others of our fellowbeings but also with that High and Merciful God who has created us all."

Thus observed H. H. the Maharani of Gwalior while presiding over the Literacy Certificate Distribution function of the Muslim Women's Classes, under the auspices of the Bombay Adult Education Committee, on Tuesday.

Referring to the growth of education among Hindu and Muslim women Her Highness said that history was replete with instances which showed that education for women was always considered a very great necessity even in ancient times and women contributed to the culture and civilization of their countries in as great a measure as the menfolk.

Her Highness then dealt with the various reasons on account of which women's education in India has lagged behind.

New Office Bearers Of Bombay Medical Union

The annual general meeting of the Bombay Medical Union followed by annual dinner was held at the Taj Mahal Hotel on Sunday, March 19 at 7 p.m. Dr. M B Velkar the President of the Union presiding.

The following Office-bearers and Members of the Managing Committee for the year 1944-45 were elected:

President: Dr Khurshed J Cursetji; Vice-Presidents: Dr V B Desai and Dr S B Gadgil; Honorary Treasurer: Dr R D Mody; Jt. Honorary Secretaries: Dr Rustom Jal Vakil and Dr Geo Coelho; Jt. Hon. Librarians: Dr. F N Daji and Dr M G Talwalkar; Members of the Managing Committee: Dr A V Baliga; Dr. H P Dastur; Dr. D H Dudha; Dr A Karmally; Dr. N J. Modi; Dr. H S Patel; Dr. R A Vaidya; Dr B B Yodh.

The meeting was followed by the annual dinner which was attended by distinguished members of the medical fraternity.

U. S. TO HAVE 500,000 PLANES BY 1950

WASHINGTON: The Department of Air Transport in the course of a survey reports that before 1950, the United States may well have a half a million private, commercial and military planes in active service. This peak number is 1,150 times the number of planes the U. S. airlines operated before war. Other statistics collected by the Department are:—1. Air production this year will amount to 20.1 billion dollars, one tenth of the entire U. S. war budget. Two million women are engaged in building planes. Before long there will be more than three million trained pilots, navigation and air-port workers.—India Press Service.

Swiss Editors Decline Nazi Invitations

BERNE: Editors of leading Swiss newspapers have declined the invitation of the German Government to visit principal German cities to report on the situation of foreign labour. Dr Goebbels wanted to get a favourable neutral report on the treatment and conditions of foreign workers in Germany for propaganda purposes.—India Press Service.

"NUTAN INDORE"

(From Our Correspondent.)

INDORE, April 4: Mr. Suryanarayan Sharma has filed a declaration for a Hindi weekly named "Nutan Indore". The necessary permission being granted, it is proposed to bring out the paper from Indore on the 25th inst.

MUSLIM AMBULANCE SOCIETY: Annual general meeting has elected the following office-bearers:—President: Mr. Cassumally Dawoodbhoy; Vice-Presidents: Mr. N E Bandukwala; Mr. U H Khan; Dr. M G Sayani; Mr. M E Haroon; Jt. Hony. Secretaries: Mr. U J Mistry; Mr. M G Baig; Jt. Hony. Treasurers: Mr. Haji Noor Mohamad Haji Mohamad; Mr. Fakir Mohamed Abdur Rehman.

Communications Conference Opens In London

Elaborate Schemes To Speed Up Press Telegrams & Radio Pictures To Be Discussed

LONDON, April 3.

Telegraphic communications between all parts of the British Empire will be speeded up considerably if the plans discussed in London are adopted.

Delegates to the Commonwealth Communications Council from the United Kingdom, Dominions, India and Colonies met in London for the inaugural session of the Conference. They have begun a detailed examination of the whole system of Commonwealth Communications.

The principal object of the Conference is to improve the existing facilities of inter-Commonwealth transmission which under the stress of war exposed weaknesses which all the Governments concerned are determined to remedy.

War time lessons learned are to be applied and the Conference will also plan to meet enormous post-war demands in every branch of long distance communications.

The Council is the agency of liaison between the Commonwealth Governments and Cable and wireless Limited. It was formerly known as the Imperial Communications Advisory Committee. There will be daily plenary sessions with opportunities for meetings of various sub-committees in to which delegates will divide themselves.

The Empire Press Union and organisation of British Dominion and Indian news interests have submitted a brief to the Council urging that "the immediate need of the Overseas Press is restoration of speedy, reliable transmission for their London correspondents' despatches which have to compete with the big inflow of news by press, telegraph, radio, picture and radio broadcasts from other than British sources."

The brief suggested the institution of separate uncrowded channels for news transmission and employment of modern technical developments such as multipoint radio reception as soon as possible.—Reuter.

Texas Negroes' New Political Right

WASHINGTON, April 3: The Supreme Court giving a decision of vital importance to American Politics in Southern States today rules that Texas Negroes have the right to vote in Congressional Elections.

The case at issue was the right of Negroes to vote in Texas Democratic Primary. The choice in such primary is usually equivalent to Election.

The case was brought by a Negro who was excluded from voting in the 1940 primary by the election judges.

The plaintiffs by an earlier resolution were adopted by the State Democratic Party.—Reuter

Roosevelt Honours Admiral Nimitz

WASHINGTON, April 4.

President Roosevelt on Monday signed Nimitz one of few men to receive Dised a bill making Admiral Chester W. tinguished Service Medal by an act of Congress.—Reuter.

U. S. Deeply Regrets Bombing Of Schaffhausen

WASHINGTON April 3.

The Secretary of State Mr. Cordell Hull to-night said that the United States will make appropriate preparations for damage resulting from the bombing of Schaffhausen. He expressed "deep regret" of all Americans for the incident.—Reuter.

GERMANY MUST NOT BE ANNIHILATED

CAPETOWN, April 3: General Smuts, the South African Prime Minister, told the Senate today that the great question emerging was what the Allies were going to do about Germany when they had won the war. "I hope there will not be a policy of annihilation," General Smuts said.

"A policy of extinguishing and annihilating large countries can bring no peace. The Allied policy of unconditional surrender does not mean annihilation. It means that at the Armistice they will talk over terms. The defeated party will have to surrender unconditionally.

After that the real problem will begin. It will be for us to show that we can make peace in a decent human way and I feel convinced that that is going to happen."

General Smuts said that at any rate for a number of years after the war, the maintenance of peace would be the special responsibility of the big three nations who were going to win the war. In any future organisation a special provision should be made that in the event of sudden threat to peace the great nations would act immediately—as policemen.

General Smuts said South Africa would have to keep up her little army and a real air force after the War and he hoped her fleet would be organised on creditable basis and strength.—Reuter

Bengal Journalists Condemn Ban On "Navayug"

CALCUTTA, April 4.

A resolution protesting against the order passed by the Government of Bengal prohibiting the "Navajug" newspaper from publishing any matter including editorial comments relating to the food situation, economic conditions relief and distress in Bengal without being previously press advised, has been adopted by the council of the Indian Journalists Association.

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10 gauge	Rs 45/-	per 1000	feet
12 gauge	Rs 37/8/-	per 1000	feet
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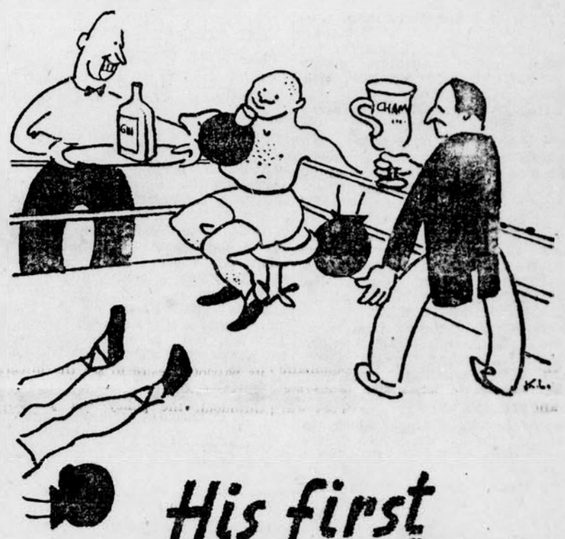

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Send Rs. 2 (postage 8 as extra) by Money Order or Postal Order (or by V.P.P. for Rs. 2-10), for a copy of the latest revised and enlarged 3rd edition of "Health and Vitality by Modern Methods." Contains over 450 pages and 200 illustrations. Everything you want to know about hormones, vitamins, rejuvenation, beautifying the bust contour, female disorders, etc. etc., is described in minutest detail in this hand-book. Nothing like it ever published before. ASK FOR OUR FREE CIRCULAR DESCRIBING MOST OF OUR OUTSTANDING PRODUCTS AND OUR PRIVATE COURSE OF INSTRUCTIONS "HOW TO BE HAPPY THOUGH MARRIED."

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Post Box 323 (B.C.), Ready House Opp. Lloyds Bank, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY ... .. Phone: No. 24297.

MUTT AND JEFF—It's a Cinch that Jeff Doesn't Need an Eye Chart, Anyway — By BUD FISHER

I TELL YOU, DOC, HE DOESN'T KNOW ANYTHING! I THINK HE'S WANDERING IN HIS MIND!
HE CAN'T GO FAR!
I DON'T LIKE YOUR HEART ACTION BUT, OF COURSE, YOU'VE HAD SOME PREVIOUS TROUBLE WITH ANGINA PECTORIS!
YEH, I DID, BUT YOU HAVEN'T GOT HER NAME RIGHT!
AND THAT HABIT OF TALKING TO HIMSELF! THAT'S NOTHING!
BUT I'M SUCH A DARNED BORE!
HIS FEVER IS VERY LOW!
YOU'RE NOT SO HOT YOURSELF, DOC!
I SAY YOUR FEVER HAS LEFT YOU!
YEH, THERE SHE GOES DOWN THE HALL!
OBSERVATION WARD MENTAL CASE

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD
MINIMUM RS. 1|8|-
To be paid in advance.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a modest, good looking cultured bride for a young Muslim 28 (M.A.LL.B., L.T.,) in Government Employment (160|-). Apply Box No. 4541, "Bombay Chronicle."

A Saraswat Graduate, age 29 years, in Government service, invites correspondence from fairly educated Maharastrian or Gujarati ladies with a view to matrimony. Please write to Box No 4532, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted for a firm of Auditors, Chartered, Incorporated, or Registered Accountants having sound practical knowledge and able to deal with audits independently. Pay according to experience. Apply Box No. 4520, "Bombay Chronicle."

Waned a young experienced Parsi Assistant, knowing Accountancy for an old established firm of Auditors. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 4525, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Sub-Asst. Surgeons for Dori, Para and Raipuria dispensaries on Rs. 45|- in the grade of 45-2½-65 with free quarters. Apply:—Superintendent Court of Wards, Jhabua State, Jhabua (C.I.). (4513)

Wanted Two Civil Engineering Graduates (B.E.), preferably Honours, on salary of Rs. 145-15-450 plus D. A. Rs. 50 (for War period), capable of teaching A.M.I.E. Class. Applications should reach Director, U. P. Engineering Institute, Jagat Narain Road, Lucknow by 10th April, 1944. 4490

Wanted Actors and Actresses. Apply sharp to Film T. Bureau, P.B. 149, Lahore.

Wanted an influential man, preferably Anglo-Indian or European for interviewing officials for essential service business. Apply with particulars to Box No. 4540, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Representatives in every town including Bombay on Rs. 150|- P.M. Only those who can lay fixed deposit of Rs. 1,000|- with bank as security need apply to Box No. 4536, "Bombay Chronicle."

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

A lady Social Worker wishes to organise or take charge of some women's or children's organisation. Correspond with Box No. 4526, "Bombay Chronicle."

62. TO BE LET

Groundfloor family rooms near Gowalia Tank, rent rupees thirty, offered for exchange with single room. Give particulars. Box No. 4549, "Bombay Chronicle."

65. ACCOMMODATION WANTED

Wanted in City a bigger block in exchange for a spacious three room Block Forjett Hill (40|-) and another in exchange three room Block, Santa Cruz (25|-) Apply: Bombay Drug House. Phone 40521. (4543)

BUSINESS PREMISES WANTED

Wanted Space for a small Factory with power in Bombay. Please reply Box No. 4500, "Bombay Chronicle."

112. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Last chance. Dates are closing for Senior Cambridge Examination. Non-Matriculates eligible. Second Language, Mathematics omissible. Oral postal training. Tutorial College, Dhobitalao, Bombay. (4530)

303. MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted.—One Lancashire Boiler 30' x 7' of about 160 lbs. working pressure with Feed Pump, and one Vertical Boiler about 8'x4' about 100 lbs pressure. Apply with recent certificates stating minimum prices Bharat Stores Ltd. (Tel. No. 33113), Round Building, Princess Street, Bombay. (4519)

Wanted (1) a Rotary Press (Second hand or new), (2) a Cotton waste carding machine (Second hand or new), (3) A Carding machine with or without a set of spindles (Second hand or new) for a Woollen Factory. Please write with details and expected price to Post Box No. 356, Lahore. (8333)

322. MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale:—Spinning Machinery from Blow Room to Ring in good working condition, Weaving Machinery, Shafting of various sizes Pulleys and other Miscellaneous machines and articles including slightly incomplete Sterling Boilers Apply:—Bharat Stores Ltd. (Tel. No. 33113) Round Building Princess Street, Bombay (4518)

Wood screw manufacturing plants. Brand new American Pattern Make Full set in working order. Install a Screw Factory and earn Lacs for Post-war reconstruction Write to Box No 4545, 'Bombay Chronicle"

DIAMOND & JEWELLERY

Diamond Emerald Jewellery (Secondhand) purchased at better price. Please see or write Chunilal & Co., 17, Dhunjee Street, near Diamond Merchants' Association, Mumbadevi 10-30 to 12-30 4 to 7 Sunday closed. (4521)

Single Diamond Nose-screw 1½ Carrat Rs. 145 Another one 35 Cents Rs. 185. Jaganath's 236, Chinabazar Road, Madras. 4491

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY

Wanted, well established Indian and European firms to represent us and make large sales in their Respective Provinces of our Wood Screws, Tinmen's Rivets, Auto parts, Measuring Instruments and Paper Clip making plants. Apply stating past experience Branches: Bank reference and terms to Box No. 4546, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the rate of Rs. 12-0-0 per inch

THE TRADERS' BANK LIMITED, LAHORE

NOTICE OF CHANGE IN SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT RULES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the general public and the depositors of the Bank that in place of existing rules No. 5, 22, 23 and 24 of the Savings Bank Deposits, the following have been substituted,

RULE NO. 5.

"The smallest sum that will be accepted at the time of opening an account is Rs. 10- and thereafter no deposit for less than Rs. 2|- will be accepted. An account the balance of which shall fall below Rs. 5|- may be closed at the Bank's discretion. A depositor cannot deposit a larger sum than Rs. 20,000- in all in a Savings Bank account.

RULE NO. 22.

"Withdrawals shall not exceed in aggregate Rs. 500- per week."

RULE NO. 23.

"All withdrawals exceeding Rs. 500- but not exceeding Rs. 2,000|- are subject to 15 days notice."

RULE NO. 24.

"All withdrawals exceeding Rs. 2,000|- but not exceeding Rs. 5,000|- are subject to one month's notice."

The following has been added as rule No. 24A.

"All withdrawals in excess of Rs. 5,000|- will require two months notice."

The above rules are operative from 1st of April 1944.

RAGHU RAJ,
Secretary.
(8358)

PUBLIC NOTICE

THE BOMBAY CATTLE OWNERS ASSOCIATION, hereby notifies for public information that the milk-rate from 9th April will be Rs. 30 per maund.

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from candidates for the post of Assistant Superintendent, Government Leather Working School, Bandra, Bombay-20, on a scale of Rs. 80-5-150 plus Compensatory Local Allowance. A higher start may be given to a specially qualified candidate. Application forms and full particulars may be had on request from the undersigned. The last date of receiving applications is 16th May, 1944. Canvassing in any form will be a disqualification.

S. D. VASHIST,
I.C Director of Industries,
Bombay.
Old Custom House Yard,
Fort, Bombay.
(8355)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Graduates and non-Graduates for three post of Clerks in the Modus Operandi Bureau under the Commissioner of Police, Bombay. The scale of pay is Rs. 50-5|2-90 plus the dearness allowance and a pass Graduate will be eligible to get Rs. 60|- and an Honours Graduate Rs. 70- in this scale.

Candidates must—

(a) be not less than 18 nor more than 25 years of age at the time of appointment. (This can be relaxed in the case of candidates from educationally backward classes provided their ages do not exceed it by more than three years).
(b) be domiciled in the Province of Bombay.
(c) have passed at least the School Leaving Certificate Examination.
(d) have certificates from two respectable persons as to moral character and social standing.

Applicants should state their age, caste, and detailed educational qualifications stating at the same time the marks obtained in the School Leaving Certificate Examination and forward their applications written in their own handwriting with copies of certificates, which will not be returned, addressed to the Office Superintendent, Head Police Office, Bombay, so as to reach this office not later than the 11th April, 1944.

No application which does not give the required particulars will be considered.

(Sd.) R. N. NAYAMPALLI.
Dy. Commissioner of Police,
Divisions (II)

Head Police Office:
Bombay, 3rd April, 1944.
(8351)

FINANCE & PARTNERSHIP

Required a financing partner in a running business of mill stores, colours, chemicals, yarn etc. Have got all necessary licences. Capital required at least Rs. one lac. Please write to Box No. 4551, "Bombay Chronicle."

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Sovereign Gold Finger-ring set with Navarathna the wonderful combination of 9 Planetary Gems brings good luck, Rs. 60 Jaganath's, 236, Chinabazar Road, Madras. (4491)

632. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale Enamelled bodies and parts of Incandescent Oil Pressure Washington Pearl lamps A Mahler & Co., 54, Great Western Building, Apollo Street, Bombay. (4553)

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from candidates for the following temporary posts in the Publicity Department, Government of Bengal.

1. DEPUTY DIRECTOR of Public Information (Publicity) and Editor of Publications.
   (a) Candidates should ordinarily be graduates; preference will be given to one possessing a diploma in journalism of a recognised University.
   (b) Candidates should not be below 30 and ordinarily not above 45 years of age.
   (c) Candidates should have had at least five years' experience of journalism as editor, sub-editor or news-editor of a first class newspaper in India or have held for five years the post of Publicity Officer under any Government or publicity organization of standing.
   (d) Candidates should be Indians or of Indian domicile, have good physique, sound health and active habits and be capable of mixing freely with officials and with newspapermen.

   Salary offered is Rs. 700 to Rs. 1,000|- per mensem according to qualification.

   The post is reserved for a male non-Muslim candidate.

2. ASSISTANT DIRECTOR of Public Information (Publicity), Candidates—
   (a) should be graduates.
   (b) should not be below 25 and ordinarily not above 35 years of age.
   (c) should have had three years' practical experience in journalism and
   (d) may be either males or females.

   Salary offered is Rs. 300|- per month.

   The post is reserved for a Muslim.

3. ASSISTANT EDITOR of Publications

Candidates—
   (a) should be graduates,
   (b) should not be below 25 and ordinarily not above 35 years of age,
   (c) should have had three years' practical experience in journalism and should possess proficiency in the Bengali language,
   (d) may be either males or females.

Salary offered is Rs. 300|- per month.

4. REPORTER.

Candidates—
   (a) should be graduates,
   (b) should not be below 25 and ordinarily not above 35 years of age, (c) should have had three years' experience as a reporter in a first class daily newspaper office or in a news agency,
   (d) may be males or females.

Salary offered is Rs. 300|- per month.

Of the posts Nos. 3 and 4, one is reserved for a Caste Hindu and the other for a Scheduled Caste.

5. OFFICIAL PHOTOGRAPHER

Candidates must—
   (a) have experience of news photography, developing, printing and enlarging,
   (b) not be below 25 and ordinarily not above 35 years of age,
   (c) have sound physique health and be of active habits.

Salary offered is Rs. 200|- per month.

This post is reserved for a non-Muslim non-Scheduled Caste candidate.

6. Two BENGALI TRANSLATORS, one Urdu Translator and one Hindi Translator.

Candidates should—
   (a) be graduates,
   (b) have proficiency in the Bengali Hindi or Urdu language (as the case may be)
   (c) have experience of translation work from English to Bengali (or Hindi, Urdu) for first class Bengali (or Hindi, Urdu) newspapers,
   (d) be natives of Bengal or in the case of the Urdu and the Hindi Translators, preference will be given to people domiciled in Bengal,
   ( ) not be below 25 and ordinarily not above 35 years of age.

Salary offered is Rs. 200|- each per month.

Two of the above posts are reserved for Muslims, one for a Caste Hindu and one for a Scheduled Caste.

Canvassing of any description will disqualify a candidate from selection.

2. Applications with copies of certificates and testimonials, together with evidence of age will be received by the ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INFORMATION, BENGAL (ADMINISTRATIVE) PUBLICITY DEPARTMENT, WRITERS' BUILDINGS, CALCUTTA upto the 15th April, 1944.

3. No Travelling Allowance will be allowed for interview or for joining the posts if selected.
(8352)

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

GENTLEMEN of the Special Jury, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court, on Wednesday the 5th April, 1944, at 10-45 A.M. (S.T.)

SHANTIDAS ASKURAN,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 4th April, 1944.
(8357)

PUBLIC NOTICES.

WANTED

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a temporary post of Electrical and Mechanical Engineer for Baroda Aerodrome. The post carries a consolidated salary of Rs. 125|-p.m. The applicants should possess following qualifications:—

(1) Diploma in Electrical and Mechanical Engineering of a recognized Institute.
(2) Must have practical experience of running and overhauling of Diesel Oil Engines and
(3) Running of ove head lines and interior wiring and maintenance of electrical installations for at least three years.

Applications stating qualifications, age, practical experience together with copies of testimonials should be sent to the undersigned on or before 12-4-44.

Canvassing either directly or indirectly will disqualify the candidate for appointment.

R. P. DESAI,
Electrical Engineer,
Baroda State.
Baroda, 2-4-44.
(8351)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

APPOINTMENT OF A MANAGING CLERK

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a Managing Clerk in the Office of the Municipal Legal Assistant for a period of three years. The applicant must have served in the office of an eminent firm of Attorneys for not less than 10 years and must have thorough experience regarding High Court suits, Conveyancing and all other matters pertaining to an Attorney's office. The pay of the post is Rs. 150-10-250. Applications stating age, nationality, qualifications and previous experience should be submitted with copies of testimonials and certificates of age and physical fitness so as to reach the undersigned on or before 22nd April 1944. Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify the applicant.

By order of the
Municipal Commissioner,
MANEHOY B. MANIAR,
Legal Assistant.
Municipal Offices, Bombay.
Dated 31st March, 1944.
(8350)

NOTICE

TENDERS returnable on 17th April, 1944, are invited for 10 Tons of Cane for manufacture of Coal Baskets. Apply to the Controller of Stores, B.B. & C.I. Railway, Mahalakshmi, Bombay. 11 for tender copy.
(8356)

AUCTION SALES.

SALE ON FRIDAY, 14TH APRIL, 1944, at 4-30 P.M. ON THE PREMISES OF THE PROPERTY of a valuable immovable property situate at North Brooke Street under instructions from Messrs. Nagindas Hooseinally & Co., Attorneys for Umar Hajee Ebrahim, and other heirs and legal representatives of Mariambai, daughter of Haji Shariff Bawa: Particulars: Quit and Ground rent tenure land with building standing thereon situate at North Brooke Street in Bombay admeasuring according to title deed 213.1|9 sq. yards but according to C. S. Register 203-24 sq. yards or thereabout bearing Collector of Land Revenue New No. 9054 and New Survey No. 5050 and Municipal C. Ward No. 7760, Street No. 164-168 and Cadastral Survey No. 3880 of Bhuleshwar Division.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs. Nagindas Hooseinally Co., Attorneys for the Vendor, at Yusuf Building, Hornby Road, or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

THE BANK OF BARODA LTD

(Incorporated in Baroda Liability of Members being limited)

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF AND LARGELY SUPPORTED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF H. H. THE MAHARAJA GAEKWAR

Capital Authorised	Rs. 2,40,00,000
Capital issued and Subscribed	Rs. 2,00,00,000
Capital Called Up	Rs. 1,00,00,000
Capital Paid Up (29-2-44)	Rs. 99,77,400
Reserve Fund	Rs. 1,00,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: BARODA

BRANCHES.

Ahmedabad (Bhadra)	Calcutta	Petlad
Ahmedabad (Panchkuva)	Dabhoi	Patan
Amreli	Dwarka	Port Okha
Bhavnagar	Harij	Sankheda
Bilimora	Kadi	Sidhpur
Bombay (Fort)	Kalol	Surat
Bombay (Zaveri Bazar)	Kapadwanj	Unjah (N. G.)
	Karjan	Visnagar (N. G.)
	Mehsana	Vyara
	Mithapur	
	Navsari	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS—Interest allowed at 1/4 per cent per annum on daily balances from Rs 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 and on sums over Rs 1,00,000 by special arrangement.
FIXED DEPOSITS: Received for long or short periods. Terms on application.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT at BARODA. Rates of rentals on application.

W. G. GROUNDWATER,
General Manager.

WOOD SCREWS

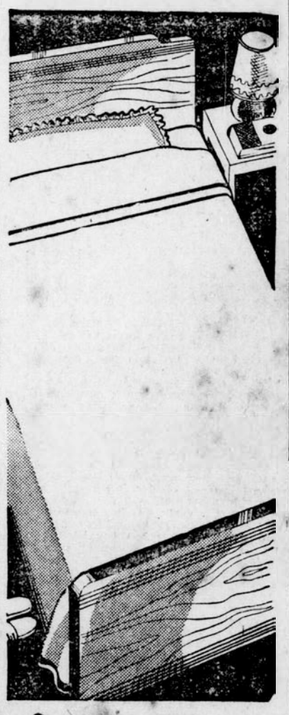
Now Available for Civil Supplies

Product of: Universal Screw Factory, CHHEHARTA, (Amritsar) Mnfrs. of wood and Machine Screws, Rivets and Tacks. Please refer to Bombay Agents:

S. L. MEHRA & Co.,
Court House, Carnac Road,
Phone: 22408

AUCTION SALES.

MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on Wednesday the 5th April, 1944, at 2-30 P.M., Sewree Cotton Depot, near Wadia godown by order of the Insurance Office concerned. 1,022 Bales Cotton damaged by fire and water.



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DELHI CLOTH MILLS' BED SHEETS are noted for their inviting softness and finish, which remain unimpaired after years of service. The secret lies in their close-weave, double-yarn fabrication which enables them to withstand rigorous wear and constant laundering.

TABLE CLOTHS AND NAPKINS TO MATCH

These very popular sets in gay and tasteful colours give sophisticated charm to your table. Available in standard sizes.

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THE DELHI CLOTH & GENERAL MILLS CO., LTD., DELHI

DCM Stores in most important Towns in Northern India. Elsewhere obtainable from the best Shops.

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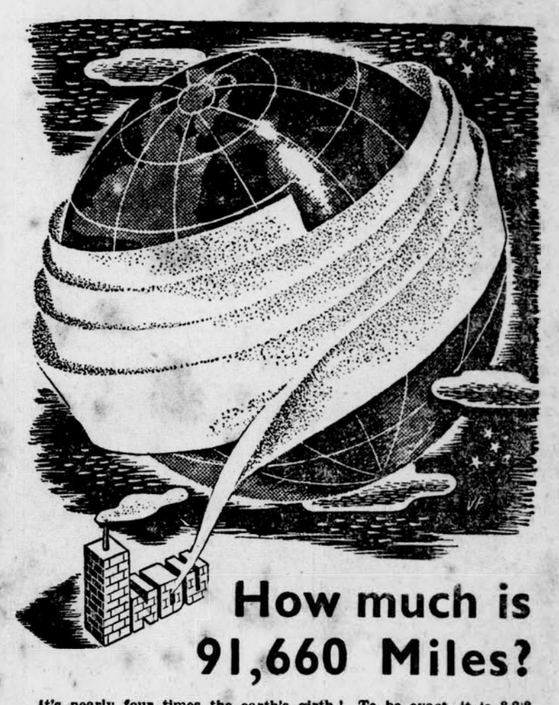

How much is 91,660 Miles?

It's nearly four times the earth's girth! To be exact, it is 3 2|3 times the circumference of the earth. All this tremendous length of cloth is produced annually by the India United Mills Limited—not to outdo the equator—but to clothe India's tinker, tailor, soldier, sailor, and all the teeming population.

Today, our mills are humming with war orders. The needs of the fighting services receive first consideration. As soon as Victory is won we shall go all out to meet civilian requirements. Remember, when better cloths are woven, "INDU" will take the lead.

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INDIA'S LARGEST TEXTILE GROUP
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Paying handsome dividends for the last four years. Some Ordinary & Deferred Shares are available for transfer at par

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